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THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

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THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LX.—NO. 100. WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, JULY 16, 1897. WHOLE NO. 9,332

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER,
OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

Fort Almanac—July 16.

Sun Rises	4.55 A M
Sun Sets	7.16 P M
Day's Length	14 h 22 m
High Water at Southport	9 07 P M
High Water at Wilmington	10.57 P M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., July 16.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 71°; 8 p. m., 80°; maximum, 88°; minimum, 68°; mean, 78°.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, .76.

Weather conditions for twelve hours ended at 8 p. m. July 15th, furnished by the Weather Bureau office:

The barometer is high over the Atlantic coast States and low over the central Western States, having remained nearly stationary during the past 12 hours. Fair weather is reported generally over all sections to-night. Light scattered showers fell during the day over the Upper Mississippi valley, and the Lake regions. It is slightly cooler over the Southwest and the Upper Lakes, and warmer generally elsewhere.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Except a few scattered local showers, generally fair, cooler weather prevailed over the eastern portion, while fair, warmer has continued over the western portion.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina, fair; southeast to south winds.

OUTLINES.

A young negro man who attempted to assault two white women in Richmond, Va., was arrested and placed in jail. —— Israll D. Hargett, Rocky Mount, N. C., has been appointed postmaster at that place. ——The Harris resolution concerning the Union Pacific railroad agreement was discussed in the Senate up to the time of adjournment. ——No business was transacted in the House of Representatives. ——A joint proposal for bimetallism by representatives of the United States and France was considered in London by representatives of the British government; it is probable that an international conference, Great Britain participating, will be summoned. ——Republican conferees of the Senate and House on the Tariff bill may reach an agreement by Saturday, but it is doubtful; the sugar schedule is still a stumbling-block. ——A Paris dispatch confirms the rumor that Spain and Japan have arranged an offensive alliance against the United States for mutual protection of Cuba and Hawaii. —— The Railroad Commission in session at Raleigh decides not to make any material change in passenger and freight rates; that the present rates are just and reasonable. ——Four thousand delegates are present at the international convention of the Baptist Young People's Union in Chattanooga. —— Floods in Canada have caused great damage to property; several towns are under water. ——A big land-slide occurred in Vermont; it was half a mile wide and swept everything before it. ——A negro ravisher and murderer was lynched near West Point, Tenn., last night. ——The tone of Secretary Sherman's letter to Ambassador Hay regarding the Behring Sea seal regulations, is resented in London. ——The State Department in Washington has no information as to the rumored alliance between Japan and Spain against the United States; both the Spanish and Japanese ministers are out of the city. —— New York markets: Money on call easy at 1 per cent, last loan at 1 and closed offered at 1 per cent.; cotton firm—middling 7 15-16c; flour was firm and higher in sympathy with wheat; wheat—spot market stronger; No. 1 Northern New York —c afloat; corn—spot quiet; No. 2 80c at elevator and 31½c afloat; rosin easy—strained common to good $1.65@1.67½; spirits turpentine quiet at 26@26½c.

An Illinois town is equipped with a beautiful female undertaker but there is no noticeable rush of young men to be laid out by her.

This is about the time that New York millionaires become very poor and spend much of their time exposing their poverty to the assessors.

The Christian Endeavor Society has grown with remarkable rapidity. Beginning in 1881 with one 1 society and 48 members, it now numbers 50,000 societies with a membership of 3,000,000.

The Brooklyn defaulter whose assets consisted of 6,000 champagne corks was not a Corkonian, but a native Bostonian, who in an unguarded moment deserted beans and took to champagne.

Since the Chicago Gas Trust captured the Legislature it has raised the price of gas 25 cents per thousand. If Chicago could utilize wind for illuminating purposes she might whistle at the Gas Trust.

A Chicago man, who has been separated for thirty years from his wife, has just remembered that she threw a stool at him once and sewed a trousers button on his vest and has got so mad that he wants a divorce.

A Mobile, Ala., man has invented a process of making steel directly from the ore, by a simple method and inexpensive machinery, and without the use of Cuban magnetic ores. He turned out a big block of steel a few days ago. If this be so and the method be practicable on a large scale it will be another boost for the iron and steel industry of the South.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 13 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

Some women are tough. Mrs. Allen was riding near Columbia, Mo., with her husband the other day, during a storm, when a thunderbolt struck her on the head, burned off the hair on one side, melted some hair pins, tore her steel corset to pieces, ripped up the bottom of the buggy and killed the two horses. The lady was somewhat disconcerted at the suddenness of this business, but with the exception of the loss of some hair, hair pins and corset she came out all right. Her husband must have been an unattractive sort of a fellow, for the lightning didn't even notice him.

The Florida Indians don't stand on ceremony much in evening up with elopers who elope contrary to regulations. Mr. Tiger Cat eloped with the lawful spouse of another red citizen, was pursued and captured with his eloping companion. A court was duly organized; they were tried and convicted. Then they were taken to a big lake frequented by alligators, tied to stakes and a dog tied near by to attract the attention of the alligators, which were not slow to catch on. They promptly caught on to the dog and finished up on the elopers.

Senator Hoar says "there is a good deal of human nature in a Democrat," a remark elicited by the votes of those Democratic Senators for protection to sundry things in which their constituents are interested. With this as a basis to judge from it may be remarked that there is a good deal of hog in a Republican.

The New York *Herald* serves notice on Japan that she must quit her foolishness if she doesn't want somebody to jump on her. The *Herald* doesn't work itself to the fighting pitch often, but when it does it doesn't mind going half-way around the world to pull it off.

The world might never have known how high John Raab, of Jamaica, N. Y., stood in the esteem of his wife and son-in-law if they hadn't hired a brass band and given a beer party to celebrate his suicide. Post mortem exhibitions of grief such as this remove all doubts.

A young man in Reading, Pa., is bequeathed $10,000 by an uncle on condition that he marry his cousin, who inherits $35,000. There are men in Reading who would marry all their female cousins for a much smaller bribe per capita than that.

A Washington dispatch says that orders have been sent to naval officers at Honolulu that if Japan shows any disposition to interfere in the annexation business the American flag must be hoisted at once, and the Japs hoisted if they fool with it.

A prominent coal mine operator of Cleveland, Ohio, expresses the opinion that the strike will last for at least sixty days. If so it will prove a pretty costly affair, as the estimated losses for the first week in Ohio alone are $1,300,000

Hon. Chauncey M. Depew rose to remark that the success of the Republican party at the next Presidential election would depend on the return of better times. This is another illustration of Mr. Depew's prophetic turn of mind.

A petrified tongue two feet long has been discovered in Kansas. This is not Mrs. Lease's tongue. Her tongue is not petrified, and she doesn't propose to let it be petrified while she is ablebodied enough to wag it.

The Sugar Trust didn't fail to attend to business in anticipation of the new tariff. The importations of sugar for the first six months amount to $63,000,000, nearly equal to a full year's ordinary importations.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WILLIAM & Mary College.
SEACOAST ROAD—Notice.
WIL. H. & L. CO.—Family excursion.
MEETING—Wil. & Newbern R. R. Co.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

LOST—Leather purse.
A. H. MORRIS—Horse at auction.

Army Worms.

Mr. J. W. Murchison gives the information that the army worms on the Orton rice plantation were destroyed last Monday was a week ago by turning on the water and drowning out the destructive pests. The damage this year was not so great as it was last.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— The STAR regrets to learn of the illness of Mr. J. H. Hardin.

— Read the business local announcing the sale of a horse at auction.

— A delightful boating party was given by a party of young folks late yesterday afternoon.

— A reward is offered for the return of a tan-colored purse lost last Monday. See business locals.

— Red and blue are the colors of the O. A. N. base ball team: not black and blue as stated in yesterday's STAR.

— By a vote of 279 to 96 Fayetteville has determined to issue bonds to the amount of $15,000 to establish an electric plant.

— The Greensboro excursionists left in return yesterday at 6 p. m., after a day spent most pleasantly in visiting the Summer resorts.

— Note slight addition to the Carolina Beach and Southport schedule. The yacht *Undine* will hereafter connect with the 8 o'clock boat at the pier for Southport.

— The local cotton market was active again yesterday, and middling cotton was quoted at 8 cents per pound, just one cent higher than on the corresponding day of last year.

— Policeman Knox yesterday morning arrested a colored man, Amos Jones, on suspicion of stealing a quantity of lead, which he was offering for sale in a mysterious manner.

— The lawn party given last night by the Charitable Circle of King's Daughters and Sons, of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, was a grand success both artistically and financially.

— On and after to-day passengers leaving Wilmington on the Seacoast Railroad will be required to show their tickets and passes at the gate. See notice given by Superintendent R. O. Grant.

— Referring to Hon. Charles M. Stedman, the Fayetteville *Observer* says: "We also learn, from recent Fayetteville visitors to Greensboro, that he is rapidly acquiring a substantial business in the practice of his profession."

— The quotations of middling cotton yesterday at the points named were as follows: Wilmington, 8 cents; Savannah, 7 9 16; New Orleans, 7¾; Charleston, 7¾; New York, 7 15 16. It will be seen that Wilmington heads the list.

— Seven hundred colored excursionists from Newbern arrived in the city yesterday over the W., N. & N. Railway, going first to Ocean View. The excursion is given by the Lee Society, Grand Army Post, and Sons of Veterans.

— Miss Georgia Baldwin Atkins, of this city, and Mr. Arthur Wilkinson Dunning, of Cambridge, Mass., will be married at St. James' church, this city, Tuesday evening, the 20th inst. Invitations are out announcing the happy event.

— You have time enough still to make up your mind to go to Carolina Beach on the excursion given by Stonewall Jackson Castle, Knights of the Golden Eagle. The day promises to be all that one could wish, and the delights of a trip down the river on the *Wilmington* are too well known to require further notice.

BASE BALL.

The National League—Result of Yesterday's Games and Other Interesting Features.

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

Boston, 7; Pittsburg, 5.
New York, 10; Louisville, 0.
Chicago, 5; Baltimore, 3.
Washington, 16; Cincinnati, 5.
Philadelphia, 9; St. Louis, 0.
Cleveland, 2; Brooklyn, 1.

WHERE THEY PLAY TO-DAY.

New York at Louisville.
Boston at Pittsburg.
Philadelphia at St. Louis.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
Boston	47	19	.712
Cincinnati	43	31	.671
Baltimore	43	23	.656
New York	40	25	.615
Cleveland	37	30	.552
Philadelphia	36	35	.507
Brooklyn	31	35	.469
Pittsburg	30	36	.454
Chicago	30	39	.434
Louisville	26	39	.400
Washington	26	39	.400
St. Louis	18	54	.194

The Orioles were certainly in a sulky mood yesterday, which can be about the only reason given for their failure. Pond pitched good ball, but was placed at a great disadvantage by his weak support, especially the famous Jennings. McGraw, as usual, was sent to the bench by the umpire.

Russie was a mystery to the Colonels yesterday, while Miller, late of the Michigan State League, also was in great shape, but his support was decidedly "bum."

Nichols lead Boston to victory yesterday, but Tannehill, who played center, was the head feature of the game.

The Senators played an errorless game yesterday, and battled the Reds' pitchers, Ehert and Rheines, unmercifully.

The Philadelphia-St. Louis game yesterday was played in the rain, which, however, didn't help the Browns any.

One Fare Rate for Firemen.

Capt. Jas. D. McNeill, of Fayetteville, President of the North Carolina State Firemen's Association, requests the STAR to state that the railroads have made a rate of one fare for the round trip to the Firemen's Tournament at Fayetteville, August 3, 4 and 5.

SALE OF THE W. N. & N. R. R.

By Decree of Court Under Foreclosure of Mortgage—Bought by Hon. W. G. Elliott—To be Operated as Part of the A. C. L. System.

Quite a number of people gathered at the court house door yesterday to be present at the sale of the Wilmington, Newbern and Norfolk railroad. Among those present were observed Mr. Warren G. Elliott, President of the Atlantic Coast Line; Mr. H. Walters, Vice President of the Atlantic Coast Line; Mr. H. A. Whiting, receiver of the Wilmington, Newbern and Norfolk Railroad Company; F. M. Simmons, Esq., of Raleigh, and Mr. C. E. Foy, of Newbern.

The clock in the court house tower had just finished striking twelve when Col. A. M. Waddell, Master Commissioner, proceeded to make the sale. He stated that the property would be sold as advertised, belonging originally to the Wilmington, Onslow and East Carolina Railroad Company and the East Carolina Land and Railway Company, now consolidated into the Wilmington, Newbern and Norfolk Railroad Company. He also stated that under the decree an upset price of $350,000 had been fixed and no bid less than that amount would be considered.

Auctioneer Wilkes Morris then began to cry the property. Mr. H. A. Whiting, representing certain bondholders, made the first bid, the amount of his offer being $350,000, the upset price. Mr. Warren G. Elliott said $375 000, which was quickly increased to $300,000 by Mr. Whiting. Then the President of the Coast Line added $50,000 to the last named bid, $375,000 was Mr. Whiting's next offer, and when Mr. W. G. Elliott set the figures at the good round sum of $400,000 the sale was declared made to him and his associates, composing a corporation to be known as the Wilmington & Newbern Railroad Company. Notice of the first meeting of the stockholders of the new corporation is given in the advertising columns of the STAR this morning.

According to the provisions of the decree the sum of $5,000 was deposited with the Master Commissioner, the said amount to be applied on the purchase price. Before the transfer is made, however, the sale will have to be confirmed by his honor, Judge C. H. Simonton. After this is done the remainder of the purchase price will be paid in cash or bonds, at the option of the purchaser, and the Master Commissioner will then draw the deed transferring the property.

What object the purchasers have in view further than operating the road as a part of the Atlantic Coast Line system without extending it any further has not been learned, but it is believed that a connecting line between Newbern and Washington, N. C., will ultimately be built, thus giving the Coast Line two routes from Wilmington to Norfolk.

COMMITTED TO JAIL.

The Two Young White Men Charged with Sending in a False Alarm of Fire.

Henry Styron and Fletcher Thompson, the two young white men charged with turning in a false alarm of fire from box 34, Seventh and Grace streets, yesterday morning about 1.40 o'clock, were arraigned in the Police Court yesterday charged with violation of chapter 408, Public Laws of North Carolina of 1893, entitled "An act making it a misdemeanor to cause false fire alarms in the city of Wilmington, North Carolina,' and which reads as follows, viz:

That any person or persons willfully and wantonly sending or causing to be sent over the electric fire alarm system of said city any false fire alarm or signal, or breaking or causing to be broken, or in any manner interfering with any of the alarm boxes or apparatus of the said system without authority or permission so to do from the proper authorities of said city, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than two hundred dollars, or imprisoned for not less than six nor more than twelve months, or both, in the discretion of the court.

The defendants were tried separately and each was placed under a $500 justified bond for his appearance at the next term of the Criminal Court, which convenes Monday.

Officer J. N. McDuffie, colored, testified to seeing the boys at the fire alarm box in question, while the alarm was ringing, and their subsequent run and capture. Officer L. P. Thomas gave evidence to the effect that he assisted Officer McDuffie in making the arrests.

Both defendants denied that they had sent in any alarm of fire, and stated that they were around the corner from the alarm box when the bell first rang.

Neither Styron or Thompson could furnish bond, and were consequently committed to jail to await the action of the higher court.

W. H. & L. Co. Will Give an Excursion.

Wilmington Hook and Ladder Company No. 1 will give an excursion to Carolina Beach next Tuesday, the proceeds of the same to go towards defraying the expenses of the company to the Firemen's Tournament in Fayetteville early in August.

The attractions offered are inducements enough apart from the praiseworthy object to which the proceeds are to be applied. There will be music by Francisco's Italian band, refreshments furnished by Mrs. E. Warren & Son, and a select programme of music by the Munson Quartette and the Mandolin Club. Committee, J. K. Williams, H. J. Gerken and W. P. Monroe. Read ad. for further information.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. W. M. Hunt, of Pomona, arrived in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Paul C. Merton, of Whiteville, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. W. H. Pemberton, of Fayetteville, was registered here yesterday.

— Mr. A. D. Brown and family have gone down to Carolina Beach for the season.

— Mr. R. S. Atkinson, postmaster at Sloop Point, was observed on our streets yesterday.

— Mr. R. M. Wescott, who has been visiting Mr. L. H. Lennon, in Bladen, has returned.

— Mr. James Kyle, Travelling Passenger Agent of the C. F. & Y. V. railroad, was here yesterday.

— Mr. Archibald Johnson, editor of *Charity and Children*, was among yesterday's hotel registrations.

— Maj. J. R. Williams, one of Fayetteville's liveliest and most public spirited citizens, was a STAR visitor yesterday.

— Mr. and Mrs. Julius Hahn left yesterday for Asheville, where Mrs. Hahn will spend the remainder of the Summer.

— Mr. and Mrs. Duralde McBryde, Mrs. T. N. McBryde and Mr. Ernest McBryde are visiting Mrs. J. S. Worth, at Ocean View.

— Mrs. Walter E. Yopp and Mrs. V. J. LeGwin left yesterday afternoon for Augusta, Ga., to visit their father, Mr. S. J. Donley.

— Miss Lizzie Moorman, of Danville, Va., who has been spending some time with friends in the city, returned home yesterday afternoon.

— Mr. and Mrs. Franc H. Jones and child, of Charlotte, who have been in Wilmington several days on a visit to relatives, left yesterday for Louisburg, N. C.

— Among the arrivals in the city yesterday were E. T. Ellis, John Station; J. B. Maxwell, Ivanhoe; Joe Merritt, D. R. Kornegay, R. W. Merritt, N. C.; J. J. Dosher, Southport.

— Mr. E. W. Pond and family will leave to-day for Walton, N. Y., where they will spend several months. They go by way of Newbern and Elizabeth City, leaving here at 2 p. m. over the Wilmington, Newbern and Norfolk Railroad.

BOLD BURGLARY

At Mr. M. D. Croom's Residence—Chloroform Thought to Have Been Used—Over Fifty Dollars in Money Taken.

The residence of Mr. M. D. Croom, on Dock street between Seventh and Eighth, was boldly entered and robbed between the hours of 10 o'clock Wednesday night and 4 o'clock yesterday morning. Mr. Croom retired Wednesday night about 10 o'clock, after fastening the front door of the house, which is a blind-door used during the Summer months to permit ventilation, and awoke from a sound sleep yesterday morning at 4 o'clock with a dull pain in his head and an intense drowsy feeling, which had evidently been produced by chloroform or something of a like nature. Mr. Croom lit a lamp, and upon looking around the room discovered that most of his clothing worn the day before was missing, and further investigation disclosed the fact that a pocket-book, containing $53.41 in money, which he had placed under his pillow before going to bed, was also gone, showing that some bold thief or thieves had been at work. Mr. Croom's vest, in the pocket of which was his watch, had not been disturbed from its position on a chair where he had placed it. The rest of his clothes were found in the yard, but no trace of either wallet or contents was discovered. An entrance to the house was made by means of the blind-door, one of the slats of which was cut out, making a hole large enough for a hand to be inserted and unfasten the inside catch.

Brunswick Boats Wake.

The Raleigh *News and Observer*, which favors the special school tax in some townships and opposes it in others, as the STAR understands its position, says this editorially:

"In Wake county, in New Light township, where the negro population is small, the school board has given a negro a voice in selecting the teacher of the white school. Unless the spirit of that people has changed, they will resent this new departure, as will the white people in every other section of the State."

Why, bless your soul, Josephus, Brunswick county, which is within speaking distance of Wilmington, beats your Wake county fellows two to one. In every township of Brunswick, except one, there are two negro Republicans on the school committee.

Steamer Croatan Had a Rough Passage.

The belated New York steamship *Croatan*, Captain Chichester, arrived here yesterday afternoon at half past 4 o'clock, nearly sixty hours behind.

The vessel had been in no serious danger at any time, but was simply delayed by head winds almost all the way. Monday night she encountered a violent storm off Cape Hatteras, and was compelled to "lay to" and wait for more favorable weather.

Among the passengers on the *Croatan* was Miss Emma McDougald, who returns to Wilmington on a visit to Miss Kate McLaurin, after an absence of eight years in New York.

Let the Star Follow You.

STAR subscribers who are going away for the Summer will receive the paper regularly by mail by leaving orders for it at this office. Addresses will be changed as often as desired.

RAILROAD COMMISSION

WILL MAKE NO MATERIAL CHANGE IN PRESENT RATES.

The Question of Increasing Valuation of Railroad Property Still Under Consideration.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., July 15.—The Railroad Commission decides not to make any material change in passenger and freight rates. Otho Wilson failed to concur in the decision; he says he wants more time before expressing an opinion. The question of increasing the valuation of railroad property is still under consideration.

The decision of the commission sets forth that passenger rates have been reduced from 6 cents per mile and freight rates from 4½ cents per ton per mile, to 2.31 cents for passengers and 1.89 cents for freight. They also find that the passenger rates as a general thing are as low if not lower than those of any other State of a like population to the square mile, and the freight rates will as a whole compare most favorably with any State in the Union. The commissioners further say: "We reiterate that the present rates are just and reasonable, and such as were contemplated in the act creating the commission, and we will make no material changes at present."

Base Ball This Afternoon.

The "fans" will be highly elated this afternoon as they see the O. A. N. and Atlantic Coast Line ball teams bravely opposing each other for honors and victory. The game will be played at Hilton, and will, no doubt, be a close one. From present indications the crowd will be a very large one, and the different colored ribbons—purple and orange of the Coast Line and red and blue of the O. A. N.—will be displayed prominently by the fair admirers of both clubs. No admission will be charged ladies. The general admission will be 25 cents.

The game will begin at 4.30 p. m., and the teams will line up as follows:

Atlantic Coast Line—Oldham, c.; Bagg, p.; Sinclair, 1 b.; Taylor, 2 b.; Schulken, 3 b.; Latta, s. s.; Motte, r. f.; James, c. f.; Donlan, l. f.

O. A. N.—Jackson, c.; Sweeney, p.; Royster, 1 b.; Moore, 2 b.; Bellamy, 3 b.; Orrell, s. s.; Moore, W., l. f., Myers, c. f.; James, r. f.

A Murderous Assault.

Yesterday afternoon Nathan Murray and Chas. Moore, two colored men, got into an altercation at Col. Roger Moore's brick yard, four miles from the city. During the difficulty Murray struck Moore in the head with a spade, inflicting a severe and what was thought at first a fatal wound. The injured man was carried to the City Hospital, where his wound was dressed. He was getting along nicely yesterday, although at first it was thought that he would die. Justice Bunting issued a warrant for Murray and placed it to be served in the hands of Deputy Sheriff Fonville, colored, who made a search for the accused yesterday afternoon, but without success. It is reported that Murray has run away.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—18 casks spirits turpentine, 56 bbls rosin, 16 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—47 casks spirits turpentine, 197 bbls rosin, 57 bbls tar, 11 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—11 casks spirits turpentine, 29 bbls rosin, 4 bbls tar, 17 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—66 casks spirits turpentine, 80 bbls rosin, 13 bbls tar.

Flat—21 casks spirits turpentine, 131 bbls rosin, 5 bbls tar, 15 bbls crude turpentine.

Total receipts—Spirits turpentine, 163 casks; rosin, 488 bbls; tar, 78 bbls; crude turpentine, 59 bbls.

The Red Men.

Cherokee Tribe No. 9, Improved Order of Red Men, last night installed the following officers:

Prophet—Alex. Bosewell.
Sachem—T. J. Gore.
Sr. Sagamore—Chas. Oller.
Jr. Sagamore—G. T. King.
1st Sanap—H. H. Parker.
2nd Sanap—K. H. Snell.
1st Warrior—W. H. Lane.
2nd Warrior—Isaac N. Barriss.
3rd Warrior—Jos. E. Lane.
4th Warrior—M. Marshburn.
1st Brave—Frank Loffellow.
2nd Brave—A. Fautopula.
3rd Brave—J. C. Walton.
4th Brave—Vann Woodcock.
C. of R.—J. M. Branch.
K. of W.—J. D. H. Klander.
G. of F.—W. O. Willoughby.
G. of W.—W. C. Moore.

The Carrier Pigeons.

The swiftest of the carrier pigeons liberated here Sunday morning arrived at its destination, Harrisburg, Pa., at 5 o'clock that afternoon, eleven hours after departure. The distance from Wilmington to Harrisburg, as the crow flies, and it is presumed that pigeons fly the same way, is 500 miles, so that the first bird to arrive travelled at the rate of about 45 miles per hour; not slow moving at all, but not nearly so rapidly as carrier pigeons have been known to fly.

Six others of the pigeons arrived Monday morning and a letter from the owner, Mr. Zollinger, stated that others were expected that afternoon. Heavy wind storms which prevailed must have driven all the birds out of their course.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

THE MORNING STAR.

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not?

Do you want a first-class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.25 for three months? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

Carolina Beach Is Not Burned.

All sorts of rumors were afloat yesterday, the point of which seemed to be that that delightful Summer resort, Carolina Beach, had fallen a prey to the destructive flames.

This office was besieged with inquiries as to the truth of the report. The STAR is too glad to be able to announce that the rumors were caused by the burning of the grass int he woods neart Fort Fisher. There was a big volume of smoke, but no damage.

Base Ball at Newbern.

The Wilmington base ball team met defeat at Newbern yesterday, as the following telegram received from Manager Albert Prempert will explain:

"Score 11 to 8 in favor of Newbern. Wilmington weak in the box."

The Wilmington team will, no doubt, beat this afternoon, as the strongest players will be put in.

CUMBERLAND BEATS US.

A Sunday School Superintendent Who Has Offlotated Sixty-Five Years.

In a recent issue of the STAR reference was made to a gentleman who had been Superintendent of a Sunday School for thirty-five consecutive years. But 71st township, Cumberland county, is ahead of us, as will be seen by the following from a correspondent of the Fayetteville *Observer:*

Mr. William McLauchlin, of this township, has been serving as Superintendent of the Elwood Sabbath School, near his home, for at least 65 years, if not longer. Five or six years ago he was presented with a gold-headed cane by the school which he had then served in the above mentioned capacity for 50 years—50 consecutive years, too. He has been re-elected from year to year ever since, and still performs the active duties of his office, though now in his 97th year.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT PASsengers leaving Wilmington on the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad, on and after July 16, 1897, will be required to show their tickets and passes at the gate, as they pass to the Station.

jy 15 1t R. O. GRANT, Superintendent.

William and Mary College,
Williamsburg, Va.

BOARD FROM $12.00 TO $15.00 PER MONTH. Tuition fee for the half session $17.50. Medical fee $3.00. Contingent fee $3.00. Students willing to teach two years in the public school's pay only medical and contingent fees, and are charged $10 a month for board, fuel, lights and washing. Full collegiate course. Next session begins October 7th, 1897. Send for catalogue. LYON G. TYLER, M. A., LL. D., President.

jy 16 2m fr tu fr

FAMILY EXCURSION
—TO—
Carolina Beach,
TUESDAY, JULY 20th,

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF WILMINGTON Hook and Ladder Co. No. 1. Senor John Francisco's Italian Band will furnish music for dancing, and Mrs. E. Warren & Son will furnish refreshments. The Wilmington Mandolin Club and the Munson Quartette, one of our finest musical organizations will render a select programme on the boat and at the beach. Steamer Wilmington leaves her wharf at 9.30 a. m. and 3.00, 5.15 and 8.00 p. m. Returning, last boat leaves the Beach at 11.30 p. m. Committee: J. K. Williams, H. J. Gerken and W. P. Monroe. fr su jy 16 3t

Wilmington & Newbern R R. Co.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE first meeting of the Stockholders of the Wilmington & Newbern Railroad Company, purchasers of the property of the Wilmington, Newbern & Norfolk Railroad Company, will be held at my office in the City of Wilmington, N. C., on Friday, the 30th day of July A. D., 1897, at 12 o'clock M.

This notice is given in pursuance of the requirements of the laws of this State as set forth in Section 608 of the Code.

jy 16 2w WARREN G. ELLIOTT.

Bagging and Ties.

2,000 Rolls BAGGING,
5,000 Bundles TIES,
5,000 Bushels CORN,
600 Bushels MEAL,
600 Barrels MOLASSES,
50,000 Pounds MEAT,
And other goods.

D. L. GORE,
jy 11 tf 189, 193 and 191 North Water St.

TURNIP SEED,
Crop 1897,
ALL VARIETIES PLANTED IN THIS SECTION.
The Largest Stock and the Lowest Prices.
Write for quotations.
ROBERT R. BELLAMY,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist,
je 29 tf Wilmington, N. C.

NEW CROP
Molasses.
Our Own Importation From
WEST INDIES.
QUALITY EXCELLENT.
Price Low.
WORTH & WORTH.
my 20 tf

Cotton Crop for 1897.

Twelve million bales of Cotton is the estimate for 1897, and we have purchased a large amount of Ties and Bagging for the North Carolina and South Carolina trade We bought at extremely low prices and will sell likewise. We also have a full line of heavy and shelf Groceries at the lowest market prices.

W. B. COOPER.
jy 11 D&W tf 236 North Water street, Wilmington, N. C.

The "Unlucky Corner."

Toilet Soap,
WILD LOCUST HONEY,
elegantly perfumed, three cakes in box.
M. H. Orion's Pure Olive Castile. Uncle Sam's great healing Tar Soap removes Dandruff and Pimples, stains from Silk or Woollen Fabrics.
BROK'S CRYSTAL SOAP
"Won't wash clothes" but will wash Steel, Iron and Copper Vessels Removes rust, dirt, stains and tarnish. Special prices this week.
S. W. Sanders.
je 30 tf

J. L. HILL
PRINTING COMPANY'S
Directory of Wilmington,
1897.
Containing a general business and street directory.
Price $3.00.
For sale by C. W. Yates & Co.
J. L. HILL PRINTING COMPANY,
Owner and Publishers,
my 21 tf Richmond, Va.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 16, 1897

THE PATERNAL MANSION.

Some of the so called Democratic gold organs profess to be very indignant because the Republicans have seen fit to put up a tariff job to pay back campaign indebtedness and discharge the obligations which Mark Hanna contracted when the manufacturers and others who desired more protection dropped their wads of money into his hat. The New York *Times* professed to be a Democratic paper, but now plays the independent role. It supported McKinley in the last campaign, and now pretends to be very much shocked because McKinley and his friends didn't show as much appreciation of the "Democratic" support as they should have shown, and therefore it rises to inform Mr. McKinley & Co. that they can't count on any more Democratic support next time, and does it thus:

"McKinley newspapers and the Republican upholders of the job ridden tariff should cease their appeals to sound money Democrats to remain with their party. They insult the men who elected their President and put into their hands the power they prostitute to dirty gluttony. They have become so shamelessly indecent that no respectable Democrat can abide with them. It is easy to quit them. Bryanism is not the alternative. The paternal mansion of Democracy has been kept open. It is furnished and occupied. The door is open in welcome.

"There are millions of Democrats in the country who have no faith in the principles of the Chicago Convention, and to whom McKinleyism is abominable. The lamp has been kept burning that will guide their footsteps to that wide-open door."

The Washington *Post* is not a Democratic paper. It is opposed to free silver, was opposed to it in the last campaign, but it sees the ridiculousness of this kind of chatter, upon which it makes the following appropriate comment, not only pertinent but eminently level-headed:

"That is drivel. 'Bryanism' is practically 'the only alternative.' The coinage question will be the overshadowing issue in American politics in the next Presidential campaign. The supposition that the party which polled about six and a half million votes for free coinage last November will see the light in the window of 'the paternal mansion' and march into 'that wide-open door' is simply ludicrous. The Democracy has been a free silver party ever since the coinage question began to be discussed. Scores of test votes in Congress attest the unflinching support of the free coinage demand by the Democracy year after year. There never was a more honest declaration of party faith than the coinage plank of the Chicago platform. We opposed that demand, and time has not changed our views, but we commended the fidelity and flat-footed candor with which that convention declared the faith for which the party had long been contending.

"The Democrats in the Congressional elections of next year and in the Presidential fight two years later will use the tariff issue for all it is worth, but they will value it chiefly as an aid to the paramount issue of free coinage. The Democratic leaders do not believe there is an early resurrection for the Cleveland tariff reform policy.

"As to the gold Democrats, they will have in 1900 the same option they had in 1896. If they continue to regard free coinage as repudiation and dishonor, and the men who support it as enemies of the republic, they will either flock by themselves or vote for the Republican ticket, and the latter will be the more sensible course. In spite of all their raging, they will have to make choice between a free coinage party and the Republican organization. The great National Democratic Party is apparently not caring much what course the bolters adopt. In fact it is cruelly ungrateful for the tender affection which keeps that lamp burning to guide their footsteps to "the paternal mansion."

The tariff is a mere pretence that the organs of the *Times'* school and the statesmen of the Bynum, Cleveland, Carlisle school are availing themselves of as an excuse to run that little concern which they have the effrontery to call the "National Democracy," and all because the real National Democracy stood by the people and refused to be led or driven by the representatives of Wall street and Lombard street. The Democratic party as represented by the Democrats in Congress opposed the demonetization of silver in 1873, and in 1878 when the silver question came up again the Democrats in Congress stood by Richard Bland and passed a free silver coinage bill, but the Republican Senate insisted on making it a limited coinage bill before they would agree to pass it. After twelve years the Republicans repealed that act over the Democratic votes that opposed the repeal and substituted for it not a coinage bill but a silver purchase bill, which was at least a partial recognition of silver, and supplied the people with notes that helped to furnish the money necessary in their business. When in 1893 the effort was made to repeal that act without making any provision for the coinage of silver the opposition came from the Democratic side, which fought it hard and long and desisted only on the assurance that if that act were repealed something substantial could and would be done for silver. On this assurance they desisted from their opposition and permitted the repealing act to pass. From 1873 until 1897 the silver question never came up that a majority of the Democrats in Congress were not with silver and in favor of restoring it to the status it held prior to 1873.

The effort of the disgruntled bolters to inflate the tariff question into one of first magnitude is simply an effort to divert attention from the main issue and find an excuse for their continued treachery to the Democratic party with its 6,500,000 voters, against the 131,000 that cast their feeble ballots for the two venerable decoys put up by the bolters at Indianapolis.

These organs to which we refer have a right to support this flank movement if they so elect, but they have no right to do it as Democrats. They have a right to find fault with the tariff job put up by the Republicans, but they should not be silly enough to contend that there was any breach of faith with the Democratic bolters who voted for McKinley, for there were no pledges given that the Republicans would not try to pass a new tariff bill. On the contrary they knew very well that this was a part of the programme if McKinley was elected, and yet they voted for him without any pledges that this would not be done.

Messrs. Bynum, Watterson, Cleveland, Carlisle, &c., have a right to run their contingent and nominate State and national tickets if they choose, as this is a free country, but they have no right to pose as Democrats—the only simon pure Democrats—and try to palm off these tickets on the country as Democratic, for that will be a fraud of the very worst kind, a fraud in the double sense, not only as to the tickets, but in the purpose of running them as the only thing to be accomplished by that will be to help the Republicans retain power, and to perpetuate the party and the policies which these professedly indignant "Democrats" are now condemning. They should be manly and honest and either get into the Democratic party, or quit playing double and go right over to the Republican party and much under its banners, as so many of them did in the last campaign, when they were not asking any questions nor exacting any pledges about this horrid tariff.

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The small contingent of the Kentucky gold Democrats had their convention at Louisville Wednesday. They had ex Secretary Carlisle there, to give it tone, we suppose, for Mr. Carlisle is now to all intents and purposes a citizen of New York, where he has been residing since going out of office. The convention went through the cut and dried programme, and as might have been expected, did some denouncing. It denounced the free and unlimited coinage of silver but failed to state whether it was in favor of silver coinage which wasn't free and unlimited. It also denounced unjust taxes, but this is a regular old stereotype of nearly all conventions by whatever name they may be called. The interesting feature of the platform enunciated is the declaration in favor of currency laws, so as to maintain the standard of the world, and furnish a sound, stable and sufficient currency of gold and silver. If this means anything, it means that gold and silver shall be the only money, and yet the gentlemen who declare for this exclusive gold and silver currency, pledge themselves to resist the free and unlimited coinage of one of the metals which is to furnish this currency. They have gone upon record already as being opposed not only to the free and unlimited coinage of silver, but to any more coinage of silver, save subsidiary coins, contending that we already have more silver coined than we have any use for. They have been characterizing silver as "pot metal," "junk," &c, no longer fit for money. They have no idea of favoring silver in any way, but are aiming to permanently establish gold monometallism, and make the gold dollar the only genuine money, the only debt paying dollar. All their talk about a "sufficient" currency is simply rot.

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The conference committees of the two Houses of Congress will doubtless come to some kind of an agreement on the points in dispute, but to do so one or possibly both sides must surrender a good deal. The House has contended all along that its bill was a revenue bill, which also provided for protection, while the Senate has practically admitted that while its bill provides protection it is not a revenue bill. This admission is contained in the statement that the Senate committee refuses to surrender the stamp tax on stocks and boads (which was an after thought), because it was necessary to retain it for revenue. This was bringing it down pretty fine to admit that it was necessary to retain these taxes to prevent the bill from becoming a deficiency instead of a revenue bill. But when the committees agree the bill will probably be in such a shape as to bring on a big and possibly a protracted fight when it goes back to the Senate, where the Republicans haven't things all their own way as they have in the House.

MINOR MENTION.

It remains to be seen what the House of Representatives will do with the joint resolution reported by the Senate committee in reference to the Competitor and the three men of her crew held in prison in Cuba. When it passes the Senate and goes to the House Manager Reed will doubtless pursue the usual course in matters pertaining to Cuba and sit down on it. But possibly as this resolution would put Mr. McKinley in such a position that he would be forced to show his hand on that question, which might be embarrassing, Mr. Reed may be willing to let it take its chances in the House. If it do pass then we may have some definite proceedings and the Spanish Goverament may discover that there is something besides talk in the United States. Coincident with the announcement of the presentation of this report to the Senate came the announcement by cable that the difficulty with Morocco had been settled. This difficulty was caused by denying Americans the privilege of hiring native help, which privilege was enjoyed by Europeans. On the announcement by our consul of this discrimination, and the refusal of the Emperor of Morocco to yield, a U. S. warship was ordered to Tangier, and under the persuasive influence of bristling guns the Emperor came to time and the difficulty was settled. What a fortunate thing it was for Spain that Weyler didn't issue an order taking from Americans in Cuba the privilege of having native cooks, valets, hostlers, etc. If he had done that a U. S. warship might have been dispatched to Havana and the difficulty might have been settled long ago. But Weyler didn't do that. He contented himself with arresting and imprisoning American citizens, with destroying their property and making life on the island as uncomfortable as possible for them, and thus avoided giving any sufficient provocation for sending a warship over there. Weyler may be indiscreet and a bungler on general principles but he is too cute to interfere with Americans in the matter of hiring help.

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TWINKLINGS.

— Mother—Kleptomania is taking something you don't want.

Johnnie—Humph! I must have had some of that when I was sick; but the doctor was to blame.—*Adams' Freeman*

— "There don't seem to be as many women poets as there used to be."

"No; and it is largely the fault of typesetting machines."

"As to how?"

"They don't have any italics"—*Indianapolis Journal*

— "Are you aware," said the garrulous boarder, "that oxtail soup was the invention of the French refugees who used to beg the oxtails because they had no money to buy soup bones?"

'In other words," said the Cheerful Idiot, "they were reduced to the last extremity."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— "Georgie cried himself to sleep last night"

"What was the matter?"

"He ate dinner with Robbie Tompkins, and when he came home he found that we had strawberries, while they had only stewed rhubarb."—*Chicago Record.*

— From His Point of View: "Did you see the account of the new submarine boat?'

"Yes; but I didn't read it. It doesn't interest me, you know."

'It certainly indicates extraordinary progress."

"Of course, but in the wrong direction. Enough boats go down now. What I want to see is one that is guaranteed to stay up."—*Chicago Evening Post.*

— Veteran—"So you fought all through the war, did you?"

Bloobs—"Yes."

Veteran—"I did not know you were in the war."

Bloobs—"I wasn't. I was at home with my wife."—*Answers.*

— "Dick proposed to me last night."

"What did you tell him?"

"I said he had better ask mamma, and what do you think the wretch said?"

"Goodness knows!"

"He said he had asked her already, and she wouldn't have him."—*Boston Beacon*

— Sam Ryan's latest story is related to a pair of Hebrews who had been shipwrecked. After spending nearly two hours in the water with only life preservers between them and eternity, one of them saw a sail in the offing. He called to his friend. "Jakey," he said gladly, 'we are saved. I see a sail ahead." "What do we care?" returned Jakey, moodily. "We haven't got our samples with us.—*Washington Post.*

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— These latest strikes and shutdowns ought to remind Secretary Gage that prosperity is now thumping at our door.—*Washington Post, Ind.*

—— The Hon. Dave Hill talks like a man who had a patent cure for hard times and was waiting to be called into the case.—*Chicago News, Ind.*

—— It might add to the comfort of Mr. Sherman's declining years if convenient memory would enable him to forget the crimes he has committed.—*Louisville Dispatch, Dem.*

—— Whether it turns out finally a Dingley or an Aldrich bill, it will remain an iniquity none the less—a device of Hanna's for payment of the trusts and combines that provided the means for the election of McKinley.—*Richmond Dispatch, Dem.*

—— Minister Terrill has the unprecedented audacity to decline an invitation to dine with the Sultan, merely because he had arranged to start for home on that day. Yet he and Abdul Hamid parted as friends. Possibly the Powers might do worse than engage "the old man from Texas" as advisory counsel in the negotiations with Turkey.—*Philadelphia Ledger, Ind.*

— Salisbury *Sun*: Mr. J. H. McKenzie tells us of a youthful musician who lives in Locke township. The little fellow is Henry Williams, the five year old son of J. M. Williams. He can not read, but he can play on the organ any piece of music he hears. And Mr. McKensie says he plays well.

The Grandest Remedy.

Mr. R. B. Greeve, merchant, of Chilhowie, Va., certifies that he had consumption, was given up to die, sought all medical treatment that money could procure, tried all cough remedies he could hear of but got no relief; spent many nights sitting up in a chair; was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery, and was cured by use of two bottles. For past three years has been attending to business, and says Dr. King's New Discovery is the grandest remedy ever made, as it has done so much for him and also for others in his community. Dr. King's New Discovery is guaranteed for Coughs, Colds and Consumption. It don't fail. Trial bottles free at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Elizabeth City *Carolinian*: Elizabeth City is a bicycle town. It is estimated that there are nearly 400 in use here.

—Kinston *Free Press:* Mrs. Mary Flanigan, of near Farmville, aged 67 years, died Monday. —— Cotton, corn and tobacco crops in this section have greatly improved the past two weeks, and with favorable seasons from till the harvest is over, our farmers will make the best crops for many years.

— Washington *Progress:* On Sunday morning last Mr. Wiley G. Grist, of Chocowinity, was in the city, apparently well. He went home about 12 o'clock, went into the house after putting his horse up and fell and died in a few minutes. —— The tobacco crop in this section is by far the finest it has ever been. The grade promises to be first class.

— Salisbury *World*: Last night at 1 o'clock when the excursion train from Winston to Charlotte passed through Salisbury on its return trip to Winston, Car Inspector Bernhardt observed a mass of bloody clothes and particles of flesh clinging to the brake rod of the train. When the engineer on No. 8, the early morning train, passed Sumner Siding this morning he observed fragments of a human body lying by the roadside. It appeared to him be the mangled remains of a woman and subsequent events proved this to be the case.

— Morven *Enterprise*: Mr. A. A. Martin tells the *Enterprise* one of the best snake stories of the season. Several nights since, his attention was drawn by a peculiar sound from his chicken coop. Investigation proved that a large chicken snake and an old hen with a flock of little chicks, were contending for supremacy in the coop, and Mr. M. could see the snake coiled up in the coop and he immediately put an end to the controversy by filling his body with shot. The snake was drawn out, and upon measurement was found to be a fraction over six feet long, and large in proportion. A number of depredations were to his credit on Mr. Martin's books, and with this, the account was promptly closed.

"ALL THE KING'S HORSES."

A Little Talk About Some That Figure In History.

In the Mother Goose verses about Humpty Dumpty the horses are mentioned first:
All the king's horses and all the king's men
Can never put Humpty Dumpty together again.

Certainly some of the kings thought quite as highly of their horses as they did of their soldiers and gave them more care and attention. William the Conqueror had a splendid horse, which he rode in battle. At his approach the horse would paw and prance and caracole, showing its agility and grace to please its master.

King Richard the Lion Hearted was a brave and gallant soldier, and he loved his horses as well as he did his friends. Although he was an English king, he did not speak English, but French. So all his horses had French names given them for their different colors, as the Black, the Bay, the Sorrel, only the words for the colors were French and with some diminutive ending to signify affection.

He left most of his horses at home when he went on a crusade to Palestine, or else they were killed in battle, for his enemy, Saladin, the great Mohammedan king, heard he was fighting on foot. He thought it a great disgrace that so famous a warrior should be dismounted, so he sent him as a gift a magnificent Arabian steed. When Richard saw how fiery it was, he ordered that one of his knights should mount it first. Instantly the spirited creature turned and darted away at full speed, and in spite of spur and bit carried its rider straight through the camp of the foes and up to the very door of Saladin's tent.

Saladin was deeply mortified, because it looked so much like an attempt to entrap the English king and take him captive. He sent the knight back with an honorable escort, and another horse, perfectly gentle and obedient, was given to Richard, who rode it until the end of his campaign in the east.

King Edward and the Black Prince, his brave son, were making war on France, and in one of the battles the warhorse of the French king was captured, although his master escaped. The next morning the English king courteously returned the horse, which was a very generous deed when a well trained warhorse was so valuable.

But it was not only kings that loved their horses. Queen Elizabeth rode as fearlessly as her royal father, Henry VIII, and went on horseback to review her troops when the Spanish ships were sailing over the seas to attack her kingdom. Even "good Queen Anne" of later memory was devoted to the chase and to driving, and she often drove for miles before dinner on a deer hunt or a fox hunt.

One of the finest pictures of Queen Victoria represents her in a low phaeton drawn by a beautiful horse and surrounded by sportsmen, spirited horses and dogs at a "meet." The picture is called "The Queen's Harriers."—Philadelphia Times.

Not on Her List.

He was no sooner seated in the cozy parlor than she took the initiative.

"Since you proposed to me last week I have given the matter a great deal of thought, Mr. Chumpley."

"Mr. Chumpley? Why, you've called me Bertie for ages."

"That's neither here nor there. I have concluded that I must decline the great honor you have proferred me."

"Ah! Certainly. But you must pardon me for not understanding just what you refer to. I have so much to think of in a social way, you know."

"But you must recall the last conversation you had with me."

"Deuced stupid of me, Mamie, but it has slipped my memory. Something about the horse show?"

"Never mind, Mr. Chumpley. Don't incur the risk of overtaxing your mind in trying to recall our little talk."

"So sorry! But a fellow will forget some things. Must do it, you know, if you're in the whirl. Can't you just give me a hint?"

"It is of no consequence at all, sir. I only have a vague recollection of the conversation myself. But I'm not feeling well, Mr. Chumpley, and must ask you to excuse me for the evening."

"Too bad! And you look in brilliant health. Only temporary indisposition, of course. But I'll not detain you. I'm going straight home and cudgel my brain till I bring back that talk."

"Do nothing of the kind. I never want to hear of it again."

When he was gone, she acknowledged to herself that there was much more to him than she had suspected and that he had decidedly given her the worst of their little sparring match.

Chumpley walked down the street chuckling and congratulating himself. She always boasted gleefully of the men whom she had refused, but he had no fear that she would add him to the list.—Detroit Free Press.

Willing to Camp Out on Papa.

"So my little girl wants to get married and go away and leave her old papa, does she?" said the fond father as he stroked his child's sunny hair.

"Yes, papa, she does," replied the arch maiden, "but Fred says it would be quite too cruel."

"Oh, Fred said that, did he?"

"Yes, papa. Fred says that rather than take me away from you he'll be willing to come right here and live with us. Ain't it noble of him?"

"Very."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

"Only nervous" is a sure indication that the blood is not pure. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and cures nervousness. †

A GRAVE MATTER.

The citizens of Low Down City had met in the principal and worst built erection in the place, Pete Budd's "s'loon," to consider the desirability of establishing a recognized cemetery for the use of the local community.

"Whar shell we hev this graveyard?" asked Pete, and Doc Moseley suggested that, as most of the killing was done "rite thar in the s'loon," the cemetery had best be located "somewhar clus handy."

The proposition found no favor, and the conference proceeded. Various situations were proposed and discussed, but abandoned for some reason or other, and it seemed as though the subject would have to be dropped, at least for the present.

Job Syllable had been sitting quietly in the corner, apparently taking no great interest in the proceedings, but at this juncture, however, he rose to the occasion and his feet.

"Pards," quoth he, a little thickly, "I reck'n I've got a durned sight better idea 'n any of yer. What I subjests is this, as ye don't seem ter be able to settle upon a suitable spot jest now, postpone this hyur meetin and leave the graveyard ter Providence."

"Wotinthunderdyer mean?"

"Look ye hyur, pard Billee! Take keer ye ain't the first galoot thet gets planted in Low Down City's new graveyard! I warn ye!"

Billee subsided, and old Job went on. "I'm sweet tempered by nature," he confessed. "I don't mind bein int'rupted once, nar twice, but I'm a royal terror from Terrorville when I get run up against three times. Now, as I was remarkin, I perpose we leave this hyur subject ter the decidin o' Providence. I'll explain my meanin," he added, helping himself to another bottle labeled "Lightning Conductor."

"Some one'll be bound ter get plugged 'fore long, pards, and I say let the spot whar the first man dies from this moment mark the new cem'tery."

A roar broke out as Job finished, and Pete was kept busy for the next five minutes. The meeting, with scant regard for orthodoxy, broke up without a vote of thanks being passed for the chairman, but this may have been from the fact that no chairman had been appointed. The citizens of Low Down were rare socialists. Old Job was voted a genius. His fertile brain had solved the difficulty in thoroughbred fashion. The adoption of his idea meant not only the location of the site for the graveyard, but it would provide the first candidate for burial honors as well.

Each one felt that great honor would be attached to the first "stiff," but the love of life was just as strong at Low Down as it is anywhere else, and, if anything, the men avoided quarreling as much as possible, and none seemed eager to run the risk of being "No. 1."

Three days passed, and still the great trouble remained upon Low Down City. The men walked about like shadows. It was depressing. Who would have dreamed for a moment that the matter would have been so long prolonged? Why didn't some one get killed?

"Does Injuns count, pard Job?" Doc asked on the night of the fourth uneventful day.

"Our cem'tery," old Job thundered in reply, "is goin ter be one fer men, not Injuns. Unnerstan' thet." And Doc did.

On the evening of the fifth pacific day angry words suddenly arose in the "s'loon," and men jumped to their feet white with excitement. Nat Warner and Arizona Tom were playing poker, and Nat was losing his money and his temper.

If a death occurred in the "s'loon," it meant the removal of the building to make room for the cemetery, as the men, once they had passed a resolution, were determined never to go back on it, and the meeting had unanimously resolved that wherever the dead man was there should the cemetery be.

Pete came forward and with tears in his eyes begged the disputants to convey themselves and their quarrel outside. Now here Pete did a foolish thing. His words sobered the angry pair at once. If he had only held his peace and let the men get their dander right up, then there is no doubt that the event would have taken place for which all Low Down was waiting.

But, then, Pete was thinking of convenience, not the cemetery.

The chance had come and gone, and a whole week sped by without incident.

It all happened on a Friday, of course! It was near old Job's cabin, just where the river divided. Pete sent Billee to old Job's diggings to ask him to step over to the "s'loon" and look at the new mare he had just bought, and because Billee, in his hurry, collided with the old digger at the corner of the shanty, Job got riled and swore at Billee, and then he lost his temper.

"Go and tell ole Pete he kin go ter blazes," shouted Job, "and thet his mare'll come in handy for the journey. Then ye slide rite back hyur and we'll settle our little matter clear away."

Billee went and returned with Pete and the whole of the township behind him. Old Job got more riled when he discovered that their private quarrel had been turned into a public question.

"If yo come a step nearer, Pete Budd, I'll jest about blow the top off'n yer head," he sang out from the interior of the hut.

Pete laughed and was uncomplimentary to old Job. Job said he wasn't fighting "the hull town;" he only wanted "ter settle wi' that little cuss Billee." Pete said he wasn't going to "low no harm ter come ter Billee," and offered himself as substitute. Job accepted gleefully, and issued forth.

Then some of the others chipped in and took sides, their spoken object being to prevent the fight, but the matter ended otherwise. Arizona Tom "sussed" Pete and Budd drew trigger on him. The ice once broken, bullets flew round like Genoese arrows, and in a few minutes one-half of Low Down was awaiting decent interment and the other half was busy gathering itself together to resist the horde of redskins which suddenly and most inopportunely appeared on the scene.

There is no sign of Low Down now! The reds had been omitted from all calculations in the question of the cemetery. They settled the matter by settling the settlers, who, under the circumstances, might be excused from feeling any further interest in the subject.—Haven Hild in Sketch.

Schoolroom Ventilation.

After man years of the most careful experimenting it has been found that in the rooms of our large schoolhouses, which are or should be lighted mainly from one side, the most thorough aeration with the least liability to injurious drafts is obtained by introducing the fresh, warm air above the heads of the occupants of the room on the side opposite the windows, letting it spread along the ceiling to the window side of the room, and there, cooled by contact with the glass, descend to the floor and pass at the lowest level to the outlet, in the same wall as the inlet, but in or near the floor. There is no doubt that the warm breath of the people in the room to a certain extent rises and mingles with the fresh air flowing across the ceiling; but notwithstanding this, the atmosphere of the room, as shown by the unanswerable testimony of analyses made at different times of the air in the various corners, is more uniformly pure under this system than under any other.—American Architect.

The Father of Science.

Hippocrates is looked upon by anatomists as the father of the science. He died in 377 B. C. The modern science began in Italy in the thirteenth century. The first anatomical plates, designed to show the size and relative position of the bodily organs, were prepared and colored by Titian. All the great painters and sculptors have been careful students of anatomy. Michael Angelo, Raphael and Leonardo da Vinci were noted for their anatomical researches.

Something to Know.

It may be worth something to know that the very best medicine for restoring the tired out nervous system to a healthy vigor is Electric Bitters. This medicine is purely vegetable, acts by giving tone to the nerve centres in the stomach, gently stimulates the Liver and Kidneys, and aids these organs in throwing off impurities in the blood. Electric Bitters improves the appetite, aids digestion, and is pronounced by those who have tried it as the very best blood purifier and tonic. Try it. Sold for 50c. or $1.00 per bottle at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

Hood's Pills

Cure all liver ills, biliousness, headache, sour stomach, indigestion, constipation. They act easily, without pain or gripe. Sold by all druggists. 25 cents. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Made from the Purest, Ripest and Sweetest leaf grown in the Golden Belt of North Carolina. Cigarette Book goes with each 5-cts. pouch.

ALL FOR 10 CENTS.

A Pleasant, Cool and Delightful Smoke.

LYON & CO. TOBACCO WORKS, DURHAM, N. C.

APPOINTMENTS

For Visitation by the Bishop of East Carolina.

July 18, fifth Sunday after Trinity, M P, S Paul's, Beaufort.

July 18 fifth Sunday after Trinity, E P, S Clement's, Beaufort.

Com.—Communion.

E P—Evening prayer.

M P—Morning prayer.

Holy communion at all morning services.

The children catechized when practicable.

The Vestries will please be prepared to meet the Bishop.

Offerings to be for Diocesan Missions unless otherwise announced.

What His Good Intentions Cost.

There was just one vacant seat in the Wabash avenue cable car when a woman carrying a large basket and leading a small boy by the hand came in and took the seat. She placed the basket carefully in her lap and let her boy stand leaning against her—an arrangement that suited every body except the boy.

"I 'ant to sit there," he bawled, trying to push his mother aside.

"Look out, Johnny; you'll break them eggs," remonstrated the woman.

"Don't care if I do!" sobbed Master Johnny.

"I'll make you care!" answered his mother sharply. "Five dozen eggs an every last one of 'em fresh!"

His answer was a kick aimed at the basket. A man sitting opposite here interposed.

"Come, my little man and sit on my knee."

"Ain't a-goin to sit on your knee." And the youngster kicked the eggs again.

"I just wish I had you home. Wouldn't I lay it on!" said his mother. "I'd trounce you right here if I knew what to do with this 'ere basket."

"I'll hold the basket, ma'am," said the man opposite.

He reached over and took it. Every body hoped to see Johnny get his deserts, and a hush of expectancy fell on that car. But what that scheming woman did was to pick up the boy, cuddle him in her arms and give him a comfortable seat in her lap. And the little wretch smiled at the general discomfiture, while the man opposite let the basket of eggs jounce as they would and glared with murderous ferocity at Johnny and his mother.—Chicago Tribune.

Wholesale Prices Current.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

☞ The following quotations represent wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6¼
Standard		@	7
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	14
Sides ℔ ℔	6	@	7
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6	@	6¼
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	5	@	5¼
Shoulders ℔ ℔	4½@5		5¼
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each	1 50	@	1 60
BEESWAX ℔ ℔	23	@	23
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	10	@	16
Northern	18	@	25
CORN MEAL—			
Per Bushel, in sacks	43	@	45
Virginia Meal	43	@	45
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	75
CANDLES—℔ ℔			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	10
CHEESE—℔ ℔			
Northern Factory	11	@	12½
Dairy, Cream	13	@	13
Skim		@	10
COFFEE—℔ ℔			
Laguyra	20	@	
Rio	8½@		13½
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℔ dozen		@	11
FISH—			
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No 1, ½ barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ½ barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 00	@	3 50
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 75	@	6 50
N C. Roe Herring, ℔ bar	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
Extra	3 25	@	3 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel—			
Low grade	3 00	@	3 25
Choice	3 50	@	3 60
Straight		@	4 25
Fine Patent		@	5 00
GLUE—℔ ℔	7½@		9½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White,	43	@	45
Car load, in bags—White,	41	@	43
Oats, from store		@	30
Oats, Rust Proof		@	35
Cow Peas		@	1 00
HIDES, ℔ ℔			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ℔ 100 ℔	80	@	85
Clover Hay		@	80
Rice Straw		@	50
Eastern		@	1 00
Western	90	@	95
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	7½@		8
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5	@	5½
North Carolina	5	@	10
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@1	25
LUMBER(city sawed), ℔ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	15 00	@	2000
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hhds		@	26
" in bbls		@	28
Porto Rico, in hhds		@	26
" in bbls		@	28
Sugar-House, in hhds	13	@	14
" in bbls	14	@	15
Syrup, in bbls	13	@	15
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut 20d basis	1 80	@1	60
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess	9 00	@	9 50
Rump		@	8 75
Prime		@	8 75
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	12
SALT, ℔ sack—Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	60
Lisbon		@	
American	27	@	30
On the Sacks	25	@	40
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 90	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd			5½
Standard A			5¼
White Ex. C			4 1-16
Extra C, Golden			4¾
C, Yellow			3¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	8 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	4 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed ℔ M 6-24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5-24 Heart	4 50	@	5 50
Sap	4 00	@	4 50
4-20 Heart	3 50	@	4 00
Sap	3 00	@	3 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔	4	@	
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern	1 20	@	1 30
North Carolina	1 00	@	1 10
WOOL ℔ ℔—Unwashed	8	@	12

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, July 15.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market firm at 28½ cents per gallon bid for machine-made casks, and 28 cents bid for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1 25 per bbl for Strained and $1 30 for Good Strained.

TAR—Market steady at $1.15 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm: $1.80 per barrel for Hard, 1.80 for Dip and 1.90 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine quiet, 23½, 31½c; rosin steady, $1.32½, $1.37½; tar quiet, $1.10; crude turpentine steady, $1.30, 1.70, 1.80.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	163
Rosin	488
Tar	78
Crude Turpentine	59

Receipts same day last year—315 casks spirits turpentine, 671 bbls rosin, 110 bbls tar, 90 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 8c for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5⅝	cts ℔ ℔
Good Ordinary	7	" "
Low Middling	7⅝	" "
Middling	8	" "
Good Middling	8 5-16	" "

Same day last year, middling 7c.

Receipts—0 bales; same day last year, 1.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 60@65c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 70c; Fancy, 80c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 45@50c; Fancy, 50c.

CORN—Firm; 43½@45 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—65@70 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8 to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, heart and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven inch, $3.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $5.00 to 8.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 15—Evening.—Money on call dull and easy at 1 per cent., last loan at 1 and closed offered at 1 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3@4 per cent. Sterling exchange was easier; actual business in bankers' bills 487@487½ for demand; 486@486½ for sixty days. Posted rates 487@487½ and 488¼. Commercial bills 485¼. Silver certificates 60½. Government bonds were firm; fives, registered, 113½; fives, coupon, 114½; fours, registered, 111½; fours, coupon, 112; twos, registered, 97. State bonds quiet; North Carolina sixes 126; North Carolina fours 103. Railroad bonds strong.

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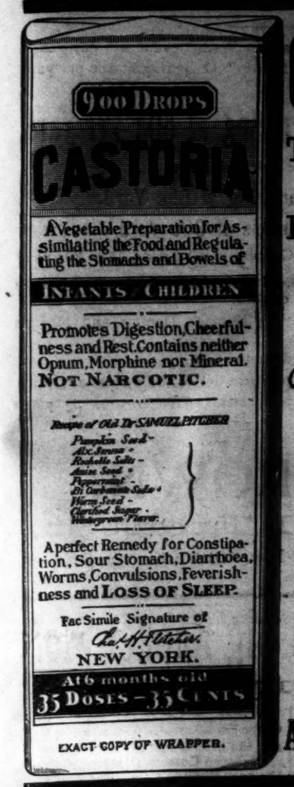

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, Bears the Fac-simile Signature —OF— Chas. H. Fletcher.

ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE

THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

POLAR MAGNETISM.

Singular Deposits of Ore In the Arctic Region.

The magnetic needle always points north, probably to a large deposit of magnetic ore about 18 degrees from the north pole that distributes magnetic force over our globe. The needle is one of the principal guides to the navigator of the ocean.

It is a question to be determined whether magnets of sufficient force to counteract the air currents, suspended in space, would travel in the same direction. In my opinion there is nothing to hinder it. If this should prove the correctness of my opinion, the problem of air navigation from south to north would be solved, and a great point would therefore be gained.

The velocity of motion would probably be greater than that of the most powerful locomotive, but could be regulated by the size and shape of the airship which would have to carry the magnets, and the end of a voyage could be determined by lowering and using them as anchors.

Aside from the possibility of reaching by these means in a very short time the magnetic deposits in the north, which would probably prove to be of great value, and accessible by land or water, and of reaching the north pole itself, a mode of air navigation could thereby be established that would invariably guide the balloonist from the south to the north. We would thereby be enabled to carry mail and merchandise quicker than any railroad or steamship.

It would not surprise me if the magnetic force would produce velocity of more than 100 miles an hour, at which rate we could carry tropical fruit in less than a day from Venezuela to New York or Boston and distribute it by rail to points west.

Valparaiso could land its goods in less than two days at points between the fortieth and fiftieth degrees of latitude. Lima and Panama products could be landed at points in North Carolina, Virginia, Pennsylvania and New York.

Chicago would have its depots of transportation to Puerto Rico, Nicaragua, Honduras, Louisiana and along the Mississippi as far as St. Louis. Omaha could establish direct communication with Mexico, Texas and Arkansas. Denver could be in direct communication with points near Acapulco and Colima.

This mode of transportation would open immense fields for all Central and South American countries. It would remove the expensive and difficult transportation of the product from the inland plantations to railroads and seaports.

Enterprising North Americans would go south and cultivate on fertile soil such products as would pay them best. They would carry their harvest by balloon to home markets, and send the airship, exhausted of its gas, back by rail or steamship to fetch new cargoes.

New distributing centers would be established in the north at such points as are in a direct northern line with large distributing centers in Central and South America, and many a northern town with a small population may become by these means a large commercial city.

Not alone would we be benefited by an increased commerce with these countries, but we would also use this magnetically guided airship at home. We would use it for excursions and for the transportation of mail and merchandise on short trips, as well as on those I have described.—Boston Globe.

Every Wife

feels an indescribable dread of the danger attendant upon the most critical period of her life. Becoming a mother should be a source of joy, but the suffering and danger of the ordeal makes its anticipation one of misery.

Mother's Friend

a thoroughly tested remedy, gently prepares the system for this period, lessens the pain, and removes all danger. Its use insures a safe and happy termination of the dreaded event.

$1.00 PER BOTTLE at all Drug Stores, or sent by express on receipt of price.

BOOKS FREE Containing invaluable information of interest to all women, will be sent to any address upon application, by

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

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FASHIONS CHANGE BUT

POZZONI'S Complexion POWDER

REMAINS ALWAYS THE SAME.

The finest, purest and most beautifying toilet powder ever made. It is soothing, healing, healthful and harmless; and when rightly used IS INVISIBLE. If you have never tried

POZZONI'S

you do not know what an IDEAL COMPLEXION POWDER is.

IT IS SOLD EVERYWHERE.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper.

TWO PATRONS.

"What shall I sing?" I sighed and said—
"That men shall know me when my name
Is lost with kindred lips and dead
Are laurels of familiar fame?"

Below a violet in the dew
Breathed through the dark its vague perfume.
Above a star in quiet blue
Touched with a gracious ray the gloom.

"Sing, friend, of me," the violet sighed,
"That I may haunt your grave with love."
"Sing, friend, of me," the star replied,
"That I may light the dark above."
—John James Piatt in New York Tribune.

THE BRICK OFFICE.

In the old and remote village of Eddex stood a small brick building. Formerly it had been the law office of Judge Branham, remembered as a man of great learning and ability. And during the years that followed his death an old justice of the peace was wont to say, "Who will have the audacity to hang a lawyer's sign in front of the judge's temple of wisdom?" This remark was repeated until every man in the village claimed it—the green grocer and the cobbler. Finally it was agreed that no one should summon the senseless courage—this was the way it was put in the village—to occupy the little dingy den once so ably filled by the fat jurist.

The old tin sign hung there until it was blown away during a summer hailstorm, and after that the battered post stood holding out its naked arm. The property changed hands, but the office remained vacant. In the columns of the village newspaper it was offered for rent, and the young lawyers, taught to revere the great, sniffed at the announcement. But one morning the villagers were startled to see a new sign swinging from the old arm. "A. C. Jonnett, Attorney at Law," in bright green letters, was plain to every gaze, and, of course, an insult to the memory held warmly dear.

"It is an outrage!" declared the old justice, having hastily arrived in his shirt sleeves. "It is intended as an insult and ought to be pulled down. Why, I've lived in this town sixty odd years this spring, and I never saw the like before. Hop up there, some of you, and pull off that tin blasphemy."

"Hold on," interposed the mayor. "Let us proceed with more deliberation. Of course, this office is sacred to us, but it is now owned by a comparative stranger and has doubtless been rented by a stranger. And surely, when we have had a talk with him, he will be willing to move to some other place. Go slow, boys. See who is inside."

A young fellow made the announcement that the office was locked.

"Ah!" said the justice. "His conscience has smitten him, and he has sneaked off. But you are right, Mr. Mayor. It is better to proceed with deliberation."

Just at that moment the tavern bell rang for breakfast. No matter what the people of a remote village may be doing, or what question the wise and ancient heads of the municipality may be discussing, the ringing of the tavern bell calls an instant halt. It is the voice announcing the crawl rather than the flight of time, and in a village the fact that one hour has succeeded another hour is a great thing to know.

The justice and the mayor went home to breakfast, and afterward, when they returned to renew their investigations, they found the office open. The mayor was the first to enter, and he had advanced but a few feet beyond the threshold when he staggered back against the justice, close upon his heels. And then the two men stood gaping in astonishment. At the desk sat a handsome young woman.

"We—we are looking for A. C. Jonnett," the mayor stammered.

"I am that person," replied the young woman, rising and sweetly smiling.

"What!" the justice gasped. "You don't mean to say that you are a lawyer?"

"I don't only mean to say it, I do say it."

"But I never heard of such a thing!"

"Perhaps not, and there are doubtless many other things you never heard of."

"I don't know about that, miss. But there are a great many things I have heard of, and one of them is an honored judge, whose memory"—

"That will do," she interrupted, raising her hand. "I have heard of the judge, and I respect his memory far more than you do. I have read his books and admire the keenness of his mind. Have you read his book on the fallacies of circumstantial evidence?"

"Didn't know he wrote one."

"I thought not. Did you wish to see me on any other business?"

"I believe not," said the mayor. He turned toward the door, his friend moving with him, but halted, faced about and said, "You surely don't mean that you are going to practice law in this town?"

"Yes; that's my business."

"But the people here never heard of such a thing as a woman lawyer, and you might stay here for 40 years and never get a case."

"Well, I'll try it 40 years, and at the end of that time I may be able to decide whether or not to settle here permanently."

"Gosh, but you've got nerve!"

And, laughing at him, she replied: "Gosh, I need it!"

"I reckon you do. But," he added, giving his companion an odd wink, "even if it was common for women to practice at the bar you are too pretty for a lawyer."

"I have seen better looking criminals than lawyers," she replied, smiling.

The two men strode away. The report that the new lawyer was a woman was spread about, and so large a crowd was soon collected about her door that the young woman closed her establishment and went to the tavern. The proprietor apologized to her for the ill behavior of his town, and on the way to her room she halted long enough to say, "Oh, the novelty will wear out by the time I'm elected prosecuting attorney for this district." And the landlord, grinning as he passed on, said he reckoned it "mout" a good while before that time.

The next day was Sunday. The new lawyer went to church, to be stared at and preached at. She sat far back toward the door and the hemming and hawing of the minister were testimony of the annoyance he felt at beholding the honored members of his flock twisting their necks to gaze at the astounding novelty—a female barrister. She conducted herself with simple dignity, paying respectful attention to the sermon, and when the services were done she walked straightway to the hotel. About the church door a crowd gathered to discuss her, and in the midst of this idle assembly stood the old justice of the peace. He was more than honestly worried—he was sorely distressed. His importance had long hung upon his reminiscences of the old judge, and by common consent he had taken charge of the great man's memory—sole executor of the estate, bonds and mortgages of recollection—and thus to be intruded upon was a fetching blow. If the intruder were only a man, come with the defiance of a man's strength, procedure would be clear; but, instead, he was confronted by a young and winsome woman. However, his duty lay before him, like a straight path, and he had but one course to pursue. He would make it so unpleasant for the woman that she would soon vacate the old office, if not the town. The circuit judge was his friend, and that morning they held a long conference, and now, as he stood in the middle of that idle throng, bare of his hat, with the sun beating upon his ancient head, he looked about him until his eyes fell upon the mayor's face, and then he said:

"Speakin in the nature of a parable, I may say that there is more ways than one of killin a dog when you ain't got a rope to hang him with. And I want it understood that I don't mean nothin personal, and, furthermore, that there ain't a man in all this community that's fonder of ladies' society than I am. Do you foller me?" he added, nodding at the mayor.

"Bumpin up agin your heels," the mayor answered.

"I thought so. No, sir; you might git on a pert hoss and ride all day and not find a man that likes the ladies better than I do. And the fact that I have been married three times is proof of the fact. Now, I know that you gentlemen are all interested in what I'm doin, so I'll keep no secrets from you. I went over to see the circuit judge this mornin, and he tells me that the young woman has got the right to practice in his court, and, worse than that, she can't by any due process of law be got out of the brick office, but there is a recourse. The judge don't like the idea of a woman practicin law, and—well, in fact, he'll make it interest in for her from the very jump. Court opens tomorrow mornin, and I want all you gentlemen to be there."

When court assembled the next day, Attorney Jonnett, duly enrolled, took her seat with the other lawyers, and when the judge, following the usual polite custom, asked the members of the bar, one by one, if they had any motion to make, A. C. Jonnett, in a sweet voice, answered, "No motion, your honor."

A few unimportant cases were taken up and set aside, and then work on the criminal docket was begun. The first case was that of a young man named Elliott. He had been indicted on a charge of stealing $20. He was tall, pale, nervous, with an intellectual expression of countenance. He was a stranger, had not been able to give bond, and for more than two months he had lain in jail, and now, as he had not the money wherewith to employ counsel, it was the judge's duty to appoint a lawyer to defend him. He was guilty, of course, and such an appointment was a genial farce, but it was the law. The judge looked about until his stern eye rested upon Attorney Jonnett. His look was interpreted, and a titter went about the room. The young woman blushed slightly, and the old justice, nudging the mayor, whispered:

"This here is the beginnin of her embarrassment in this town. I like the ladies' society, understand"—

"We must have silence!" the judge demanded. Then he appointed Agnes C. Jonnett to defend the prisoner.

Now there was no red of confusion on her face. She was pale and courageous. She went over to the prisoner and sat down beside him. She went to the hotel keeper, and shortly afterward had the defendant's bond fixed. She announced that the defense was not ready for trial, and was given three days for preparation. During that time she worked day and night, and when the case was called she was ready. Her examination of the witnesses was sharp, and the prosecuting attorney gave her many a look of antagonistic admiration. Finally the argument was begun, and then she surprised the court. Her command of language was exquisite. She was impassioned, and upon a backwoods jury passion falls with the grace of a gospel. She wrung tears from the eyes of those rough but soft hearted men; she threw upon them a hypnotic spell of pathos; she convinced them that the young man was innocent, and a verdict of not guilty was brought in. The tavern bell was ringing as she left the courtroom. Some one spoke to her. She looked up and recognized the old justice.

"Miss, I reckon I am about as good a critic as you'd find in a day's ride—mout ride a pert hoss from sun to sun and not find a keener one—and I want to say that you made as good a speech as I ever heard."

"I thank you, sir."

"Oh, not at all. You proved that young fellow's innocence beyond a doubt, and he can settle right down and live here if he wants to."

"I am glad to hear you say that," she replied, walking along with him. "At first I thought him guilty, but now I know he is not. And, by the way, he is going to settle down here. He is a doctor."

"You don't say so? He didn't look it. But when a man gets down in the world and lays in jail awhile, he don't look much of anything. Fust thing we knowed of him he was pokin round here like he was sorter daft. By the way," he added, halting at the corner of the street, "I want to tell you not to give yourself no uneasiness about that brick office. You may stay there as long as you want to. I've done my duty by the old judge, and that's all anybody can do."

Elliott began the practice of medicine. He had been graduated from a well known institution and was really a skillful physician. But concerning himself he was strangely silent. One day he successfully performed a startling surgical operation, and the countryside rang with his name. Every day his buggy was stopped in front of the little brick office, and a smile always welcomed him. He called one night when Agnes was late at work. That day his buggy had not stopped, and laughingly he said he had called to explain.

"Look here," he broke out, taking a seat near her desk, "do you know that this is our anniversary?"

"Our anniversary? What do you mean?"

"One year ago today you saved me from prison."

"Oh!" was all she said, looking down.

"And now, looking back, it seems that I never lived until then—I was born that day, for with your smile came the sweet breath of life."

"Flatterer!" she said.

"No, a rare example—gratitude."

She looked at him, and in her glance was a thrilling question.

"More than gratitude," he hastened to say.

"What can be more than gratitude?"

"Love," he answered.

* * * * * * *

A soft wind came out of the woods, and the tin sign swung on the old arm of the post. They stood by the desk, and his arm was about her. Suddenly he took it away, stepped back and folded his arms.

"Agnes, I have made a sweet confession, and now I must make a bitter one. I was guilty."

"What?" she cried, drawing back.

"Listen to me. I stole the $20. I came here a vagabond, not knowing whither I went—a victim of morphine. I was moneyless. All night I raved. I thought I should go mad. I was mad, and at morning I stole the money and ran away to get the drug. I got it, and then the awful sense of my crime came upon me, and when they found me I was in a fence corner praying, with my mother's voice throbbing in my ears. They took me to jail, and there, with the determination of one inspired, I lessened my allowance of morphine until I cured myself. Yes, I cured my body, and in the sight of God you cured my soul. Long ago I refunded three times the amount of the theft—sent it anonymously. And now, Agnes"—

She held out her hands to him.—Opie Read in Ladies' Home Companion.

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SCHEDULE IN EFFECT May 30, 1897

WESTWARD.

	No. 41.	No. 403.
Leave Wilmington	*6 20 p m	.....
Leave Lumberton	5 26 p m	.....
Leave Maxton	6 13 p m	.....
Leave Laurinburg	6 32 p m	.....
Arrive Hamlet	6 55 p m	.....
Leave Hamlet	7 15 p m	*6 15pm
Leave Rockingham	7 30 p m	6 30am
Leave Wadesboro	8 11 p m	6 54am
Leave Marshville	8 46 p m	9 25am
Arrive Monroe	9 18 p m	9 48am
Leave Monroe	9 36 p m	7 00am
Arrive Charlotte	10 35 p m	7 50am
Arrive Mt. Holly	.....	9 20am
Arrive Lincolnton	.....	10 30am
Arrive Shelby	.....	11 18pm
Arrive Ellenboro	.....	11 58pm
Arrive Rutherfordton	.....	12 30pm

*6 40 a m Leave ..... Hamlet ..... Arrive 6 20pm
10 00 a m Arrive ..... Cheraw ..... Leave *6 00pm

EASTWARD.

	No. 38	No. 402.
Leave Rutherfordton	.....	*4 35pm
Leave Ellenboro	.....	5 15pm
Leave Shelby	.....	5 55pm
Leave Lincolnton	.....	6 40pm
Leave Mt. Holly	.....	7 50pm
Leave Charlotte	*8 10 am	8 30pm
Arrive Monroe	8 55 am	9 10pm
Leave Monroe	9 05 am	9 30pm
Leave Marshville	9 25 am	.....
Leave Wadesboro	7 01 am	10 21pm
Leave Rockingham	7 41 am	11 06pm
Arrive Hamlet	7 55 am	11 30pm
Leave Hamlet	8 10 am	.....
Leave Laurinburg	8 48 am	.....
Leave Maxton	9 07 am	.....
Leave Lumberton	9 51 am	.....
Arrive Wilmington	12 05 pm	.....

NORTHWARD.

Leave Hamlet	*6 15 am	*11 30pm
Arrive Raleigh	11 30 am	9 15am
Arrive Portsmouth	5 50 pm	7 35am
Arrive Richmond	*6 50 pm	*8 15am
Arrive Washington	11 10 pm	12 31pm
Arrive New York	6 53 am	6 28pm

SOUTHWARD.

Leave Monroe	*9 48am	*9 35pm
Arrive Abbeville	11 05 am	1 40am
Arrive Athens	1 15 pm	3 45am
Arrive Atlanta (Central Time)	3 50 pm	6 30am

* Daily. † Daily, except Sunday.

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Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R'y

Schedule in Effect May 30th, 1897.

TRAINS LEAVE WILMINGTON.

12.15 P. M., Daily. Arrives Fayetteville 3 35 p. m., Sanford 5.08 p. m., Cox Hill 5.50 p. m., Greensboro 7.40 p. m., Walnut Cove 9.08 p. m., Mt. Airy 11.00 p. m. Connects with Southern Railway at Greensboro, arriving Salisbury 8.50 p. m. Asheville 12.12 a. m., Knoxville 4.00 a. m., Chattanooga 7.40 a. m., Nashville 1.55 p. m., Charlotte 10.00 p. m., Atlanta 7.35 a. m., Danville 12.00 night, Lynchburg 1.58 a. m., Charlottesville 3.38 a. m., Washington 6.43 a. m., Baltimore 8.00 a. m., Philadelphia 10.15 a. m., New York 12.43 p. m.

TRAINS ARRIVE WILMINGTON.

4.30 P. M., Daily, from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Charlottesville, Lynchburg, Danville, Mt. Airy, Walnut Cove, Greensboro, Nashville, Chattanooga, Knoxville, Asheville, Salisbury, Atlanta, Charlotte and all points North, South and West.

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PAWNEE, Saturday, July 10
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CROATAN, Tuesday, July 13
PAWNEE, Tuesday, July 20

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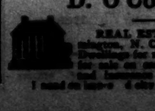

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ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT MAY 27, 1897.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.00 A M — No. 42—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.40 a m, Warsaw 10.53 a m, Goldsboro 11.35 a m, Wilson 12.46 p m, Rocky Mount 1.30 p m, Tarboro 2.00 p m, Weldon 2.39 p m, Petersburg 3.04 p m, Richmond 5.00 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.16 p m, Baltimore 12.58 a m, Philadelphia 3.48 a m, New York 6.55 a m, †Boston 8.00 p m.

DAILY 7.15 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.35 p m, Warsaw 9.10 p m, Goldsboro 10.10 p m, Wilson 11.06 p m, †Tarboro 6.45 a m, Rocky Mount 11.57 p m, Weldon 1.44 a m, †Norfolk 10.30 a m, Petersburg 3.34 a m, Richmond 4.30 a m, Washington 7.41 a m, Baltimore 9.05 a m, Philadelphia 11.35 a m, New York 2.03 p m, Boston 6.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.40 P M — No. 35—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.35 p m, Chadbourn 5.19 p m, Marion 5.42 p m, Florence 7.15 p m, Sumter 8.43 p m, Columbia 10.05 p m, Denmark 6.30 a m, Augusta 8.10 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.20 p m, Savannah 12.50 a m, Jacksonville 7.30 a m, St. Augustine 10.30 a m, Tampa 5.45 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.00 p m, †New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 8.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 5.40 a m, Weldon 11.30 a m, Tarboro 12.13 p m, Rocky Mount 12.46 p m, Wilson 2.19 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.03 p m, Magnolia 4.15 p m.

DAILY 9.40 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 3.30 a m, Philadelphia 10.09 p m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.48 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 2.20 p m, Weldon 9.43 p m, †Tarboro 6.01 p m, Rocky Mount 5.40 a m, leave Wilson 6.30 a m, Goldsboro 7.03 a m, Warsaw 7.54 a m, Magnolia 8.07 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 p m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.25 a m, Sanford 2.19 p m, Jacksonville 7 05 p m, Savannah 12.45 night, Charleston 5.20 a m, Columbia 8.50 a m, Atlanta 6 20 a m, Macon 9.30 a m, Augusta 3.05 p m, Denmark 4.55 p m, Sumter 6.45 p m, Florence 8.35 a m, Marion 9.34 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.06 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4.10 p m, Halifax 4.35 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.30 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7.55 p m. Returning, leave Kinston 7.50 a m, Greenville 9.08 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 18a m, Weldon 11 30 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.30 a m and 1.00 p m, arrive Parmele 9.10 a m and 2.40 p m; returning leaves Parmele 9 35 a m and 3.30 p m, arrives Washington 11 00 a m and 7.30 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 p m, Sunday, 4 00 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.40 p m and 6 p m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7 50 a m, and Sunday 9 a m. Arrive Tarboro 10.05 a m and 11 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7 10 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 8.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9 00 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 10 25 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.50 p m, arrives Nashville 8.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 6 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 8.3 a m and 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m and 11 30 a m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.10 a m, arrive Latta 9.30 a m, Dillon 9 42 a m, Rowland 10 05 a m, returning leaves Rowland 6 10 p m, arrives Dillon 6.30 p m, Latta 6.44 p m, Pee Dee 7.08 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 1.00 p m. leave Conway 2 45 p m, Chadbourn 5.40 p m, arrive Hub 6.30 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6 48 p m, Manning 7.10 p m, arrive Lane's 7 48 p m, leave Lanes 8.08 p m, Manning 9.05 a m, arrive Sumter 9.35 a m, Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7 55 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 9.14 p m, leave Georgetown 2 p m, 5 p m, arrive Lanes 4.35 a m, 5.35 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday 8 55 a m, arrive Darlington 9 40 a m, Cheraw 10 40 a m. Wadesboro 9 55 p m, leave Florence daily except Sunday 8.10 p m, arrive Darlington 8.40 p m., Hartsville 9 35 p m, Bennettsville 9 56 p m, Gibson 10 p m. Leave Florence Sunday only 9 a m, arrive Darlington 9.37 a m, Hartsville 10 10 a m.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday 6 15 a m, Bennettsville 6 41 a m, arrive Darlington 7 40 a m. Leave Hartsville daily except Sunday 6 30 a m, arrive Darlington 7 15 a m, leave Darlington 7 45 a m, arrive Florence 8 15 a m. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3 p m, Cheraw 5.15 p m, Darlington 8 20 p m, arrive Florence 7 00 a m. Leave Hartsville Sunday only 7 a m, Darlington 7 45 a m, arrive Florence 9 10 a m.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 3.56 p m, 11.16 p m, arrive Selma 5.00 p m, Smithfield 5.08 p m, Dunn 5.20 p m, Fayetteville 4.40 p m. 1.14 a m, Rowland 6.10 p m, returning leave Rowland 10.00 a m,

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 16, 1897

TARIFF CONFEREES.

Republicans of the Senate and House May Reach an Agreement by Saturday —Sugar Schedule Still a Stumbling Block.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—The tariff conferees were in a more hopeful mood during the early part of the day than yesterday, and one of the leading representatives of the Senate expressed the opinion at noon that the Republicans would be able to conclude their labors to-morrow and to summon the Democratic members by Saturday. This view, he said, was justified by the present appearance of things, but he added that there were still many contingencies that might arise to prevent so early an agreement, and that it was impossible to say precisely when the end would be reached. "We shall come out all right, however, and I think soon," he added. "We have a tedious job, but it is not a hopeless one, and there is no foundation to the reports that we are in danger of not reaching an agreement."

The day was spent in considering minor details of the bill which have been passed over, with an occasional reference to the differences on the sugar schedule, which is still the stumbling block. There was some discussion of a compromise on this schedule and the general impression about the Senate was that the changed aspect in the committee was due to the fact that there was a more yielding disposition on the part of the representatives of both houses. Senators not in the conference, but in close touch with members of it, express the opinion today that the contending factions are very near an adjustment which will compromise the difference on the sugar schedule.

On the House side, on the other hand, among those in close touch with the conferees, it is asserted with the utmost positiveness that the House conferees have no intention of yielding anything to the Senate on the sugar schedule and the opinion is freely expressed that the deadlock will continue until the Senate yields. The House conferees, they say, know that they have practically the unanimous support of the House Republicans back of them in their contention for the House schedule and moreover they claim that many of the Senate Republicans agree with them on this point.

The committees made the discovery to-day that there would be still further difficulty in arranging the wool schedule on account of the objections of the carpet manufacturers. It appears that while the makers of the more expensive grades of carpets gave their assent to the compromise of four and eight cents arranged yesterday, the makers of the cheaper carpets are not pleased and ask that the rate on the lower grades of wool be reduced to three cents. The wool men are not willing to concede this demand. The worsted manufacturers are also making trouble over the Senate amendment putting a double duty on wool of the second class which may have been washed. Heretofore there has been no additional duty on the washed article and it is claimed that the change will work a material hardship.

The Democratic side of the chamber is somewhat disturbed over the vacancy caused by the death of Senator Harris. "I fear," said Senator Jones, of Arkansas, to-day, in discussing the question, "that the vacancy may, if not filled before that time, occasion no little embarrassment when we reach a vote on the conference report. It will be remembered," he continued, "that some of the articles on which we succeeded in reducing the rate of duty, as on white pine lumber and on some which we succeeded in putting on the free list, we had a majority of only one vote. Some of these articles, as burlaps, cotton ties, paris green, etc., are of immense importance to the farmers and it would be regretable, indeed, from our standpoint, if the absence of a Democratic Senator from Tennessee should cause us to lose any of them by giving the deciding vote to the vice president."

The Senator said in reply to a question that he had heard nothing indicative of the intentions of the Governor of Tennessee in the matter of the appointment.

BAPTIST YOUNG PEOPLE.

Four Thousand Delegates at the International Convention in Chattanooga.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHATTANOOGA, July 15.—The seventh International Convention of the Baptist Young People's Union of America began in this city this morning with about four thousand delegates and some of the most prominent Baptist leaders in the country present. The weather is cool and pleasant and everything points to one of the most successful meetings ever held by the Union.

The handsomely and elaborately decorated city auditorium was completely filled at 10 o'clock, the hour of the opening this morning. Each State delegation occupied quarters reserved for it and there was no crowding or confusion. On the rostrum were seated the officers and speakers and in the choir gallery above them was the excellently trained choir of five hundred voices.

The convention was opened with a short song service, led by Dr. L. L. Henson, of Fort Wayne, Ind., formerly secretary of the board of managers. The immense audience joined enthusiastically with the choir in the singing and a great wave of inspiring harmony floated through the building. At the close of the song service Dr. Henson read the 46th Psalm and delivered a fervent invocation, after which President Chapman delivered the opening address.

TWO WOMEN ASSAULTED.

Their Assailant Arrested and Lodged in Jail.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RICHMOND, Va., July 15.—Police this morning captured Joseph Fife, colored, twenty years old, on suspicion of having attempted to outrage two white women yesterday. In the morning a negro went to the house of Mrs. W. V. Marks of East Franklin street, and finding her alone tried to assault her. She fought him desperately and the noise of several children in an adjoining yard frightened the man away. Later in the day Miss Nina Russell, of Norfolk, who is on a visit here, was attacked by a negro on Chestnut Hill, but her screams frightened him off. This morning both women identified Fife, though he makes a denial. He is in jail and will be brought before a special grand jury to-morrow.

Floods caused by heavy rains have done great damage in the southern part of Quebec. Many people are homeless and much damage has been done to early crops. The town of St Hyacinthe has been flooded and business is almost at a standstill. At Wickham the business portion of the town is flooded.

PRACTICE ECONOMY in buying medicines as in other matters. It is economy to get Hood's Sarsaparilla because it contains more medicinal value than any other—100 doses one dollar.

HOOD'S PILLS are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Cure all liver ills.

JAPAN AND SPAIN

UNITE IN AN OFFENSIVE ALLIANCE AGAINST THE UNITED STATES

For Mutual Protection of Cuba and Hawaii — Will Declare War in the Event of Aggressive Movements by the United States Government.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, July 15.—A dispatch from Paris to a news agency here says that inquiry at the American embassy there has elicited a confirmation of the rumor that the governments of Spain and Japan have arranged an offensive alliance against the United States. The terms of the understanding, which is for the mutual protection of Cuba and Hawaii, provide that in the event of an actively aggressive movement on the part of the United States tending toward interference in Cuban affairs or persistence in the annexation of the Hawaiian Islands, both Spain and Japan will declare war simultaneously against the United States, and shall make hostile demonstrations along both the Atlantic and Pacific coast lines of that country.

WASHINGTON, July 15.—Little credence is placed in official circles here in the statement that the Spanish and Japanese governments have entered into an offensive alliance against the United States for the mutual protection of Cuba and Hawaii. Indeed, so far as could be learned to-night, no intimation of such an agreement has ever reached the State Department.

Secretary Sherman was indisposed when a reporter called at his house in regard to the matter, but Mr. Day, the first assistant secretary, discredited the report and regarded it as too improbable to discuss. "The State Department has no information concerning the reported alliance," he said, "and I don't believe there is any foundation for the statement that one had been entered into."

Both the Spanish and the Japanese ministers are away from the city.

BEHRING SEA DISPUTE.

Secretary Sherman's Letter to Ambassador Hay Greatly Resented in London.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, July 15.—While among the general public here the tone of Secretary Sherman's letter to Ambassador Hay regarding the Behring sea seal regulations is greatly resented, the correspondent of the Associated Press is in a position to say that whatever criticism the British Government may have on the phraseology of the communication, the letter has not in any way affected unfavorably the negotiations which Col. Hay has been conducting.

A conference will be held in Washington during the Autumn, at which the United States, Great Britain, Russia and Japan will be represented. Since the presentation of Secretary Sherman's note to Lord Salisbury, Ambassador Hay has had repeated conferences with his lordship, all of which have been of the most friendly character. The most conciliatory spirit is displayed in the matter by the British Foreign Office, as is evident by the decision to hold a conference, which, although not yet formally announced, may be regarded as settled. It may also be taken for granted that Canada does not oppose this decision.

The evening newspapers are in a rage over the matter. The half-penny journals issue sensational placards bearing such lines as "Twisting the lion's tail again" and "America shrieks at England."

The *Times*, in its financial article today, referring to United States Secretary of State Sherman's communication in reference to the seal controversy, says: "Mr Sherman's dispatch is not regarded seriously, but the fact that American statesmen or rather politicians, think it useful from time to time to indulge in language of scarcely veiled hostility will not pass unnoticed and will add to the prevailing indisposition of prudent investors to buy American securities."

The *Daily News* says editorially: "Unless we get an arbitration treaty the day will come when the unbridled verbiage of a small section of American politicians will magnify petty insult into a pretty war. Secretary Sherman's dispatch is too undiplomatic for English ears and too hollow for American common sense. In the interests of humanity the rumored alliance between Japan and Spain is desirable. Our Yankee friends want a little blood-letting to bring them to a sensible international policy, and this would best be done by any hands other than those of England.

The *Post*, in an editorial, says: "Every indication points to the certainty that Great Britain will be compelled to fight for her existence against the United States as soon as the American Government believes that war can be safely begun. In such a situation war cannot be averted by justice nor by good will.

"Our duty is to make sure that it comes by no fault of ours and that it shall find us united and prepared. The respite will in all probability be the time needed for the creation of a more powerful American fleet, say three or four years, or for the creation of a political combination with some naval power, say as many months. The organization to sustain such a contest must be short. The time to face the situation is not in three years or three months but now."

SENATE AND HOUSE.

Debate on the Harris Resolution Continued in the Senate—Tillman's Bill in Relation to Transportation of Liquors Passed.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—At 1 o'clock the Senate went into executive session, but the doors were re-opened in fifteen minutes and the Harris resolution considered, the author speaking in favor of it.

The resolution was laid aside temporarily and Senator Tillman secured the passage of the bill in relation to the interState transportation of distilled spirits and declaring such spirits to be subject to State laws to the same extent as spirits distilled in the State. Senator Allen, of Nebraska, then spoke in support of the Harris resolution. He had not concluded his speech when at 5 o'clock the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

No business was transacted by the House to-day. Immediately after the journal was approved a recess was taken on Mr. Cannon's motion until to-morrow, Mr. Cannon having given assurance to Mr. Bailey that in his opinion a partial or complete conference report on the Deficiency bill would be ready by that time.

Israel D Hargett, of Rocky Mount, N. C., and John C Hunter, of Union, S. C., were yesterday nominated by the President to be postmasters at their respective homes.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind Centaur Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

THE STRIKE SITUATION.

COAL MINERS' LEADERS ISSUE AN OFFICIAL BULLETIN.

The Fight for Living Wages Covers in Whole or Part Eight States of the Union —Forces Increasing—Assurances of Ultimate Victory.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBUS, O., July 15.—President Ratchford and Secretary Pearce have issued an official bulletin, No. 1, to the miners, it being a review of the situation. The bulletin says:

"Our fight for living wages now covers in whole or in part eight States of the Union. It is a general suspension and no local settlements will be authorized or recognized.

"The second week and the eighth day of our suspension brings with it greater assurance of ultimate victory than any previous day. Our forces are increasing every hour, our determination is unflinching and our actions are law abiding in every particular.

"The States and number of miners involved are as follow:

"Western Pennsylvania—Fully 20,000 miners have joined us for living wages, which makes suspension almost unanimous in every mine in the district. Work still continues in the central field, but steps will be taken in a few days looking to a suspension, which is believed will be successful.

"Ohio—Twenty-eight thousand miners have laid down their tools in their demand for living wages, making the suspension general excepting a few local mines.

"Indiana—Advices received to-day report every mine and every miner in this State suspended. Eight thousand have joined the march for living wages.

"Illinois—Reports from this State are to the effect that suspension is practically general and that miners are determined to continue the march until living wages are secured.

"West Virginia—About three thousand miners have joined the movement. Reports from various sections of the State confirm the belief that the miners will suspend. Eight organizers left this city to-day for West Virginia. The supply of coal from that field will be cut off in a very few days.

"Kentucky and Tennessee—About four thousand miners have suspended; others may be expected to follow.

"Kansas—Miners are all at work, but will hold a convention on Saturday. It is expected that they will also suspend.

"Alabama—Reports indicate that three thousand miners or more have suspended in convention to day. Nothing further has been learned of their action.

"The supply of coal is fast becoming exhausted at the various distributing points. Railroads are confiscating shipments, and cities are almost without supply; in fact a coal famine is near at hand."

COLUMBUS, O., July 15.—In a letter received by President Ratchford from P. F. Sargent, grand master of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, Mr. Sargent offers his personal assistance in any manner deemed best by Mr. Ratchford, and also suggests a plan for the membership of the organization, numbering 80,000, to assist the strikers financially.

PITTSBURG, July 15.—Foreign coal is beginning to cut quite a figure in the Pittsburg market and the miners officials recognize its appearance. They are, for the time being satisfied with the amount of coal that is being dug in the Pittsburg district and from now on will look after what they term outside encroachments.

Much coal is being sold in the Pittsburg market from the Clear Field and Cambria districts. It is true that it does not come to Pittsburg, but goes to fill the contract made at the great lakes. The miners are working at good wages and it is claimed are willing to come out if the matter is properly brought before them.

"The men in the Clear Field and Cambria districts are working under the delusion that they are not conflicting with the general suspension," said President Patrick Dolan. "We have arranged a conference with some of the leaders in that section, the terms of which I am not at liberty to announce. I am satisfied that we will be able to make them see the error of their ways and join us in this great battle for bread. As far as the Pittsburg district proper is concerned, we have every reason to be satisfied with the situation."

The local officials are manifesting much interest in the situation in West Virginia.

An important feature of the local situation was the shipment of several hundred empty cars to West Virginia. They will be loaded with coal and sent to the lakes filling contracts made with Pittsburg operators. The Pittsburg operators claim that they were offered coal from all sections of the country and had to refuse a number of propositions.

The prevailing price was $1.50, a change being noted from the quotations of the day previous. The operators claim that the Enterprise, Bon and Cok mines on the Chartiers branch of the Pachandle and the Banola mines on the Monongahela are running at the 69-cent rate. The latter was recently purchased by the National Rolling Mill Company at McKeesport and is claimed to be running in full.

Miners' officials succeeded in keeping the men employed at the Keeling, Eureka and Waverly mines from going to work at the 69 cent rate, which had been offered to them by their employers. According to the miners' officials, operators have closed the company stores all over the district and supplies to the men have been cut off. This leaves the miners dependent upon the fruits of forage and charity. In one or two agricultural communities where the miners are on strike, the farmers have invited the strikers to organize committees and send them with a wagon into the surrounding country to solicit rather than confiscate supplies. The strikers are taking full advantage of the invitation.

Quiet reigned to-day throughout the Pittsburg district, a truce seeming to prevail pending the outcome of the peace negotiations.

GOLD IN ALASKA.

The Most Wonderful Discoveries in the World's History.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., July 15.—The Associated Press has received a letter from H. A. Stanley, president of the Binghampton (N. Y.) *Evening Herald* Company, telling of the wonderful gold discoveries of Alaska. Mr. Stanley wrote from St. Michael's Islands, where he stopped on his way to the Yukon mining region. Writing under date of June 30th, he says:

"The ice went out of the Yukon about June 15th and the river steamer Portus R. Weare which wintered at Dawson, 2,235 miles up, reached St. Michaels June 27th. The Weare brought authentic news of some of the most wonderful gold strikes in the world's history, and brought also some forty-five miners, every man bringing in from $5,000 to $100,000 of dust and nuggets, with an aggregate of more than $1,000,000. Just how much the Weare brought in on its own account, as the exchange of provisions and supplies furnished miners by the American Trading and Trasportation Company, could not be ascertained but it is very large. The steamer Alice arrived at St. Michaels on June 29th, bringing twenty five miners and half a million in gold for them and much on its own account. The passengers on the Alice confirmed the news reported by the passengers of the Weare."

TENNESSEE LYNCHING.

A Negro Ravisher and Murderer Riddled with Bullets and His Body Burned.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CINCINNATI, July 15.—The *Commercial Tribune's* special from Florence, Ala., says: Near West Point, Tenn., Tuesday afternoon, Miss Rose Williams was found brutally murdered in the woods near her home. This afternoon Anthony Williams, her murderer and ravisher, was captured near Pruitton, and to-night expiated his crime in the streets of West Point, in the presence of five hundred people. Williams was riddled with bullets and his body burned to ashes. Before a shot was fired the negro was knocked down and stamped to death. Then the crowd fell back and those who had pistols fired volley after volley at him. The crowd then gathered wood and building a fire over him watched the ghastly scene until the murderer was only ashes.

For two days and nights five hundred men, armed and determined, have scoured the country for miles. Several times posses were within shooting distance of him but he escaped. He was captured within sixteen miles of the scene of his crime. A man named Clark, to whom he applied for tobacco, held him for the crowd. Williams was first tracked to Iron City, where he traded the young lady's belt to a negro woman for a night's lodging. He was later seen at Pruitton and several shots were fired. All trace of him was lost until this afternoon, when searchers came upon him three miles south of Pruitton. He had been in the woods without food over two days and running most of the time, so that he was exhausted. The crowd quickly took him back to the scene of his crime, tied him to the same tree to which he had tied his victim and there gave him a torturing death. The mob was composed of most substantial men. The victim was shortly to have been married to a young man in Nashville. Her intended husband came down from Nashville to-day and was at West Point to meet the crowd of avengers and assist them.

The young lady left her home early Tuesday morning to pick berries. When she did not return for dinner her friends went in search of her. She was found dead and tied to a sapling, with a leather strap around her neck. One of her eyes had been gouged out, and in her tightly clutched hands were leaves and grass. All around the ground showed that a terrible struggle had taken place. When the negro was captured his face and arms were terribly scratched and torn.

BIMETTALLISM.

Conference in London Upon the Joint Proposal of the United States and France.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LONDON, July 15.—A joint proposal of bimetallism was presented to-day on behalf of the United States and France at a conference held at the foreign office between Baron de Courcel, the French ambassador, representing France; Ambassador Hay, Senator Wolcott, ex-Vice President Stevenson and General Paine, representing the United States; Lord Salisbury, Sir Michael Beach-Hicks, chancellor of the exchequer, and Mr. A. J. Balfour, first lord of the treasury, representing England, and Lord George Hamilton, secretary of state for India, representing India.

The proposals, after some discussion, were taken under advisement, and the British cabinet will give its answer at a subsequent conference.

It is reported this evening that an international conference will be summoned probably to meet in the United States, with Great Britain participating. All the delegates will be uninstructed with regard to the ratio, although it is well known, of course, that the United States favors 16 and France 15½ to 1.

According to to-day's report England's participation would mean India's and there is a prospect of some concessions as to the Bank of England's reserve and silver certificates.

WARM WIRELETS

A big slide occured Wednesday in the mountains near Lincoln, Vt. A slide half a mile wide came down the side of the mountain, a distance of over half a mile, sweeping off every tree and movable rock. Several farms were partially covered but no houses.

Dr. C. E Cadwalader, the head of one of Palladelphia oldest and most exclusive families, was married yesterday afternoon in St. Paul Episcopal church there to Bridget Mary Ryan, his former housemaid. The marriage caused quite a sensation in society circles in Palladelphia.

Paul Davis a negro indicted for assault upon Miss Cora Twitchell, of Henrico county, Va., was yesterday in the Henrico County Court given nine years in the penitentiary. Letters that passed between the negro and his victim greatly weakened the case of the Commonwealth.

An Old Custom.

The custom of throwing old slippers after a bride dates far away in the dim past. Long years ago, "when knights were bold and barons held their sway," a conquered leader took off his shoes and gave them into the keeping of his victorious enemy as a sign of defeat. When the parents threw old slippers after their daughter, it was a sign that parental authority was at an end and the daughter was no longer "subject" to them. So says an ancient chronicle.

Put to the Test.

He—I have often wished, dearest, that we lived in the old days of chivalry, so that I could do some brave act to prove my devotion to you.

She—I have wished so myself, Edwin. But still you haven't asked papa's consent yet.—Puck.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

NOTICES FOR RENT or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Lost, last Monday, a tan-colored leather Purse containing $8.30. Finder will be rewarded by calling at Dr. W. H. Green's Drug Store, Market street. jy 15 1t*

Horse at Auction—On Saturday, July 17th, at 12 o'clock m., will be sold in front of my Sales Rooms 108 Dock street, a No. 1 Family Horse, well broke, 8 years old and in good condition. A. H. Morris Auctioneer. jy 16 2t*

For Sale—A consignment of 1,000 bushels damaged Corn at reasonable prices. James I. Metts. jy 15 1t

Go to M. C. Benson's, 5 South Water street, for N. C. Hams, fresh Mountain Butter. Consignments of country produce solicited. Beef Cattle and Mutton a specialty. jy 8 tf

H. E. Stone & Co. headquarters for anything in the Grocery line. One car load Water Ground Meal. One car load of each assorted Flour. Five hundred sacks Timothy Hay. One car load Corn. 7 South Water street. je 30 tf

Bananas, Apples, Figs, Dates, Lemons, Oranges, Peanuts, Cakes and Crackers, Nuts, Candies of all kinds. These are some of the things I offer for sale. Prices sure to please. A. S. Winstead, 118 North Second street. je 27 tf

The Linens, Percales and Organdies expected have positively arrived. A large drive in Dimities; also Valenciennes, Edgings and Embroideries at J. J. Shepard's, 13 Market street. je 22 tf

For Sale—The Cottage on Carolina Beach known as the Castle, Six rooms. Cost over $1,000. Will be sold cheap. D. O'Connor, Real Estate Agent. je 11 tf

Hay—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover Hay, Prairie Hay, Straw, Grain and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market St. Telephone 96. mar 12 tf

Mayflower Flour, Meal, Bran in stock lowest, cash Corn and hominy of all kinds. Repairing done by skilled workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. all

STOVES AND RANGES,

OIL STOVES,

Gasolene Stoves.

In fact anything you want for the kitchen.

I am adding the above line to my complete stock of

HARDWARE, TINWARE AND Agricultural Implements

and will carry a line second to none in quality, at the very lowest prices.

Have secured the services of J. L. Breckenridge with special reference to this line, and can offer you the benefit of his several years experience.

My line includes the Richmond Stove Co.'s entire product.

Can furnish repairs for all kinds of Stoves

J. W. Murchison,

Orton Building.

je 24 tf

We wish everybody lots of Comfort during the Glorious Fourth. We can furnish Comfort in Footwear at all times, to all people, from the tiniest infant wearing No. 0's, to the largest man wearing No. 15's.

Infant Soft Soles, all colors, at 25c. Other SHOES just as Cheap.

Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS,

Successors to H. C. Evans.

115 Princess Street jy 4 tf

Clover Hill Brand

We are just informed that a tub of our

"Clover Hill Brand"

BUTTER

has won first prize and Gold Medal at the Illinois State Dairymen's Convention held last week.

Illinois being the greatest dairy State in the Union, makes this latest honor of no small importance.

If you want the finest, order "Clover Hill Brand."

We would like to buy the output of two or three North Carolina Butter Dairies. Quality is what we want.

R. W. HICKS.

jy 11 DAW tf

CAROLINA BEACH AND SOUTHPORT

SCHEDULE.

Leave for Southport at 9.30 a. m.

Leave for Carolina Beach at 6.00 and 9.30 a. m.; 3.00 and 5.15 p. m.

Leave Southport at 12.30 p. m.

Leave Beach at 7.00 a. m., 1.15, 3.45 and 6 p. m

Fare on 5.15 Boat to pier and return 15 cents.

Leave Sunday for Carolina Beach only at 10 a. m. and 8.30 p. m.

Leave Beach at 12.30 and 6 p. m.

The Yacht Undine connects with the 3 o'clock Boat at the Pier for Southport.

jy 7 tf

FOR SALE!

Machine-Made Spirit Barrels.

Made from the best thoroughly seasoned and selected

White Oak Timber.

Our experience of thirty-one years in manufacturing cooperage for the trade enables us to turn out barrels of correct gauge and guaranteed first class in every particular. Your patronage solicited.

The Geo. L. Morton Co.

y 4 1m

Schedule on Wilmington Seacoast R. R.

ON AND AFTER JUNE 1st TRAINS WILL run as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington at 6.30 a. m., 10.10 a. m. 2.30 p. m., 5.00 p. m., 7.15 p. m.

Leave Ocean View at 7.30 a. m., 11.30 a. m., 3.45 p. m., 6.00 p. m., 10.00 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Leave Wilmington at 10.10 a. m., 2.30 p. m. and 7.30 p. m.

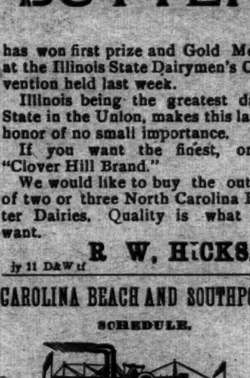
Leave Ocean View at 11.30 a. m., 6.00 p. m. and 9.30 p. m.

SATURDAY SPECIAL.

Leave Wilmington at 1.00 p. m, arrive at Ocean View at 1.35 p. m.

Leave Ocean View at 1.45 p. m, arrive at Wilmington at 2.15 p. m.

This train stops only at Wrightsville, Seaside Hotel and Ocean View. je 30 tf


FOR SALE.
BUILDING LOTS IN DESIRABLE and healthy localities on Second, Fourth, Sixth, Seventh, Fifth, Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh, Twelfth, Thirteenth, Third, Wilson, Eighth, Church, Nun, Ann, Orange, Dock, Market, Princess, Queen, Chestnut, Mulberry, Red Cross, Harnett, Wood, Bay, and Charlotte streets.
Money loaned to those wishing to build. Apply to
JAMES WILSON,
Office of D. O'Connor.

jy 4 tf

Soap and Towels.

Butter Milk Soap, 3 cakes in box 7 cents.

Castile Soap and Glycerine Soap 5c per cake.

Feis' celebrated Sweet Flower, Hazel Cream, Peach Cream, Butter Milk Toilet Soaps, our price 7c cake.

Ammonia 9c per bottle.

Borated Talcum Baby Powder 9c per box.

Toilet Paper 5c per package.

Toilet Paper, 1,000 sheet rolls 10c.

Bay Rum, Florida Water, 23c a bottle.

TOWELS, TOWELS.

Good size Cotton Towels 5c.

Splendid Bleach Towel 7½ and 10c.

Bleached and Unbleached Turkish Towels 5, 10, 15 and 23 cents.

25c Linen Towels 18c.

Bargains in Silks, Shirt Waists, &c., at

J. H. REHDER & CO.'S.

Bell Phone 118. Inter-State 218.

Car fare paid on purchases of $2 and up.

Lowest prices in Mason's Fruit Jars. jy 11 tf

SUMMER RESORTS.

Claremont Summer Resort,

HICKORY, N. C.

The location is a noted health resort; chalybeate water; cool nights with mountain breeze; altitude 1200; elegant three-story brick building; twenty acre yard covered with native forest trees; a delightful resort with pure mountain air and water. Rates reasonable. Write for particulars.

S. P. HATTON, Proprietor.

je 29 26t

A Palace in the Mountains.

"For beauty of architecture and elegance of equipment 'The Alleghany,' at Goshen Bridge, Va., has not a rival among the summer resort hotels of America. Located in the heart of the Alleghanies, where the climate is always cool and invigorating, amidst scenery of wondrous beauty, its advantages as a summer home are unequaled."

Sulphur, Alum and Chalybeate Waters.

je 19 2m J. C. S. TIMBERLAKE.

Tryon, N. C.,

BLUE RIDGE MOUNTAINS, ASHEVILLE and Spartanburg Railway. Unsurpassed for its invigorating climate and magnificent scenery. Pines. First-class board and rooms. Terms moderate. Circulars furnished.

jy 8 3m* MRS. BOARDMAN.

The Seashore Hotel

OCEAN VIEW BEACH,

IS OPEN

FOR THE RECEPTION OF GUESTS.

Fronts on the broad Atlantic and is without a superior. Newly equipped and furnished. Wide verandas encircling it. Excellent bathing facilities. Yachts for fishing and sailing. Write for particulars to

GEO CAMPBELL,

Proprietor.

je 25 DAW tf

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

The State Normal and Industrial College

Greensboro, N. C.

OFFERS THE YOUNG WOMEN OF THE State thorough professional, literary, classical, scientific and industrial education. Annual expenses $90 to $150. Faculty of 95 members. More than 400 regular students. Practice school of 125 pupils for teachers. More than 1,500 matriculates representing every county in the State except three. Correspondence invited from those desiring competent trained teachers. To secure board in dormitories all free tuition applications must be made before August 1st. For catalogue and information, address President. CHARLES D. McIVER.

jy 13 tf

VIRGINIA MILITARY INSTITUTE,

LEXINGTON, VA.

59th Year, State Military, Scientific and Technical School. Thorough courses in general and applied Chemistry, and in Engineering. Degrees conferred on courses: Grad. V. M. I., and Bachelor Science; in Post Grad. courses, Master Science, Civil Engineer. All expenses, including clothing and incidentals, provided at an average rate of $36.25 per month *exclusive of outfit*. New Cadets report September 1. GEN. SCOTT SHIPP, Superintendent.

jy 15 10t tu th su

The University.

47 TEACHERS, 412 STUDENTS, (SUMMER School 136), total 548, Board $8.00 a month, three Brief Courses, three Full Courses, Law and Medical Schools and School of Pharmacy. Graduate Courses open to Women. Summer School for Teachers, Scholarships and Loans for the Needy.

Address, PRESIDENT ALDERMAN, Chapel Hill, N. C.

je 8 tf

NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE AND MECHANIC ARTS,

Will Open Sept. 9th, 1897.

Thorough academic, scientific and technical courses. Experienced Specialists in every department.

EXPENSES PER SESSION, INCLUDING BOARD:

For County Students, ... $ 90 00
For all Other Students, ... 190.00

Apply for Catalogues to ALEXANDER Q. HOLLADAY, LL. D., PRESIDENT, RALEIGH, N. C. jy 4 tf

PEACE Institute FOR YOUNG LADIES, RALEIGH, N. C.

Excellent buildings and beautiful grounds in a Healthful Location with splendid climate.

STANDS AT THE VERY FRONT IN FEMALE EDUCATION.

Thorough in its Courses. High in its Standard. Unsurpassed in its high moral tone and in its intellectual and social influences.

Twenty-one officers and teachers. Very reasonable prices. Send for catalogue. je 30 tf

GREENSBORO

FEMALE COLLEGE, NORTH CAROLINA.

The Fifty-second Session of this College begins Wednesday, September 8th, 1897. Advantages of College and Conservatory offered at moderate cost. A Faculty of Specialists. Amp'e Equipment. A pleasant home. Catalogue on application.

DRED PEACOCK, President.

je 19 2m

Wanted,

5,000 Pounds WOOL.
3,000 Pounds BEESWAX.
2,000 Pounds COW HIDES.

Highest cash prices paid. Quotations furnished on request.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

13 Market St., Wilmington, N. C.

mar 30 tf

REMNANTS!

This week will be devoted to remnants. We believe it will pay you to examine them. All Wool Hatra Super Two-ply Carpeting at 45c per yard They are in a variety of lengths.

All 8-Wire Tapestry Carpeting at 50c Per yard.

These goods make splendid Rugs.

All 10-Wire Tapestry Carpeting at 55c Yard.

All Velvets and Body Brussels at 80c Yard.

One lot Cotton Chain and Union Carpeting, yard wide, 15 to 30c yard

One lot Silkalines and Jap Crepes.—In lengths for Pillows and Mantle Draperies at 5½c yard. Regular 12½c quality.

Odds and ends in Cretons, Upholstery Damask, Denims and Muslins regardless of cost.

One lot Ladies' Vests, Unbleached, at 4c each.

Remnants of Matting—We must get them out of the way at any price

A special lot of Table Covers at a special price. Portiers 3½ yards long, 50 inches wide, at $2 75 pair.

PHONE No. 192.

A. D. BROWN,

No. 29 North Front St.,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK.

je 27 tf

Price List for the Big Racket Store

Sale of Dry Goods.

Shirt Waist Calico at 4c per yard.
Challie at 4c. Lawn at 4c. Batiste, pretty styles, at 5c. Scrim at 4½c.
Black Lawns at 10c.
White India Linens at 5, 8, 10, 12½, 15 and 25c.
Swiss at 10, 12½, 15, 25, 35c per yard.
Dotted Swiss at 8, 10, 12½, 15 and 20c.
Shirt Waist Silk at 20, 25, 35, 50 and 60c per yard.
Double-fold Dress Goods, pretty styles, 34 inches—we asked for this line of goods in the first of the season 18 and 20c—now to close out, a big line at 10c.
Fine 36 inches wide Black Cashmeres at 30c per yard.
Sicicilian, 36 inches wide, at 35c.
Fine Brilliantine, 38 inches wide, at 35c.
Fine Damish Cloth, all colors, at 10c.
Good Heavy Matting at 10c.
Table Oilcloth at 10c.
Splendid Turkey Red Table Linen at 15c per yard.
Beautiful bleached white Table Linen, 64 inches wide, at 25c.
Fine white Lace Curtains, 3½ yards long, at 50c a pair.
Bed Spreads made of White Marsailles, 10 4 size, at 50c each.
Bird-eye Cloth at 50c a bolt of eight yards.

Brands "Our Best" Corset at 21c; the Globe Corset, worth 50c, now 38c; Vigilant, the best Corset made, for 50c.

Warner's Corsets, all styles; Caroline, the best Nursing Corset made, at $1.25; extra Nursing Corsets at $1 00; R. G., extra long waist, at 75c, $1.00 and 1.25.

Ladies' Collars, nicely laundred, turn down and stand up, good linen, worth 10c each, I want to close at 1c each.

Cuffs at 1c a pair.

Ladies' Corset Covers with Shields, I sold at 50c, best goods, now 35c each.

Ladies' Skirts, nicely made, all styles, best goods, from $1.00 to 1.25, 1.50, 2.00, 2.25, 2.50 and up to 3.00, 4.00, 5.00 and $6 00 each. I can sell you a Skirt for less money than you can have it made. Look at my line before buying.

Ladies' Shirt Waists, all styles, from 50, 75c to $1.00.

Men's Pants from good heavy Jeans at 99c a pair to 40, 50, 75c and $1.00 up to 3.00.

Ladies' Sailor Hats from 5, 10, 15c to banded wide brim rough straw low crown nice stylish white Sailors at 21c; better goods at 45, 50, 75c and $1.00.

If you need Trimmed Hats at a very low price come and see us.

You will find us at 119 North Front St., opposite the Orton Hotel.

Geo. O. Gaylord, Prop.,

jy 11 tf Of Wilmington's Big Racket Store.

Cooking Exhibit

—AT—

PARLOR MARKET TO-DAY.

The Ladies of Wilmington Are Especially Invited.

OWEN F. LOVE & CO

Factory Agents

For "Dangler" Vapor Stoves.

jy 8 tf

VAPOR STOVES.

A FREE EXHIBITION OF COOKING WILL BE GIVEN AT

The Parlor Market, No. 18 North Front Street,

DURING THE HOURS OF 8 A. M. TO 6 P. M.

Come and see what can be done on a Vapor Stove. If you DO YOUR OWN HOUSE WORK or have an interest in your servants and want to have a COOL HOUSE IN THE SUMMER and reduce your expenses attend this exhibition.

Cost of Fuel 3 Cents a Day.

You will be entertained, instructed and surprised. Everybody invited, especially the ladies. jy 7 tf

Hardware, Tinware,

EARTHENWARE,

STOVES, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

Lawn Mowers, Garden Hose,

Water Coolers, Ice Cream Freezers.

Wm. E. Springer & Co.,

"PURCELL" BUILDING, WILMINGTON, N. C. mar 24 tf

ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK, WILMINGTON, N. C.

We want your business, and will Make it to Your Interest to Deal with us. Promptness, Accuracy and Safety Guaranteed.

NO INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. D. L. GORE, Vice President. W. C. COKER Jr., 2nd Vice President. W. J. TOOMER, Cashier.

	May 14th, '96.	May 14th, '97
Deposits	$515,000	$599,500
Surplus and Net Profits	58,900	69,500
Bills Payable and Re-discounts	NONE.	NONE.

Dividends paid 6 per cent. per annum.
Last Instalment of Capital paid in October, 1892. je 13 tf

Depositors In

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company

Will please call at the office of the Company and have interest entered on pass-book for quarter ending June 1st. The Savings Bank has paid its depositors in interest within the past year $9,369.20.

Did you get any of that money? If not, why not?

Paid in Capital $25,000. Surplus $7,500.

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